

1892

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DINWIDDIE  
CLAN  
RECORDS

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Genealogical Records

of the

# DINWIDDIE CLAN

of

NORTH-WESTERN INDIANA.

T. H. BALL,  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER,

CROWN POINT, IND.

1902.

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## EDITOR'S NOTE.

The material for this book has been gathered almost entirely by OSCAR DINWIDDIE of Plum Grove, postoffice Orchard Grove, who acquired a love for such research many years ago, and who has been carrying on a correspondence for twenty-five or more years that has become quite extensive, reaching into Scotland, England, Ireland, and into various states of this Union.

As the "Dinwiddie Clan" of Lake and Porter, offered to me at their seventh anniversary, at Hebron, Sept. 7, 1901, the work of publishing their records, this gathered material was placed in my hands, to be arranged and worked up according to my judgment, so as to make it, of its kind, not only an acceptable but, if possible, a model book. How well I have succeeded the readers must judge. My restrictions were: not to put in much biography, and only such likenesses as were paid for by the individual families specially interested. This latter limitation prevented any partiality being shown on my part. The family lines, as fully as practicable, were to be brought down to Dec. 31, 1900.

There have come into my hands for examination a "Biographical Sketch of the Rev. John Cuthbertson, the first Reformed Presbyterian Minister in America," and a Genealogy of the "Dunwoody and Hood Families," by Gilbert Cope, Westchester, Pennsylvania, Minneapolis, 1899.

This book, (which for convenience of reference I will call the "Dunwoody book," and this on which I am now working, the "Dinwiddie book,") I have studied carefully to learn the plan on which it was arranged and to find information. This Dunwoody book, says the title page, is "Based upon Original Researches." I have sought to learn by whom they were made and for whom made.

It appears that Charles Rogers of London in December 1877 wrote a letter of information in regard to the "Dunwoodie or Dinwoodie family" to W. C. Hepburn of Mark Lane, London, England; also that Walter McLeod of Edinburgh or Edinboro, Scotland, made considerable research in Dumfries and Glasgow in December 1894, which seems to have been done at the request of William H. Dunwoody of Minneapolis, Minnesota, and for his use. Also, Dow M. Corquadale of Glasgow, in May of 1894, wrote to James Wilson a letter containing the results of much research, but concerning Dinwiddies, not Dunwoodies, especially Robert, Laurence or Lawrence, and others. This Laurence Dinwiddie, called the youngest merchant in Glasgow, seems also to be called Lawrence Dinwoodie.

By whom other researches were made does not appear; but the evidence suggests that all were made for W. H. Dunwoody of Minneapolis.

The following letter from him will be of interest in this connection.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., Nov. 5, 1898.

Mr. O. Dinwiddie,  
Orchard Grove, Ind.

DEAR SIR:—

Your postal of 25th ult. received, and I enclose herewith copies of such information as I thought might be interesting to you and your family.

In my several visits to England and Scotland, I have tried to get some information about the early history of the family, but I could not find anything showing connection between our family and any of those now living there, or the dates on which any of the family emigrated to this country. My great-great-grandfather, David Dunwoody, appeared among the taxables of Goshen, Chester County, in 1740. This is the farthest back that I have been able to trace the family, and there is nothing to show where he came from or whether he had any relatives in this country. As the spelling of the name was the same at that date that we use at present, I assume that your family has no connection with ours since that time.

I hope you may find this information of use to you. I will send you a copy of our family history as soon as it is printed, and I will be glad to have one of yours.

Yours truly,

WM. H. DUNWOODY.

By whom the researches for Dunwoody history in this country were made does not appear, except by the author. The history, proper, begins with David Dunwoody (1) of Chester county, Pennsylvania, who is found in Goshen township in 1747, but whose place of nativity was not ascertained. That he was an immigrant of Scottish ancestry is considered beyond question. From him fifty-four descendants are traced with more or less fulness, as numbered, and the names are given of many others. Wills and deeds, with much other information, are interspersed.

My best and first class authorities in using the material placed in my hands are three:

1. The old family Bible belonging to Thomas Dinwiddie, a grandson of David Dinwiddie of Marsh Creek, which Bible is now in the possession of Mr. Seth Pearce of Eagle Creek, a grandson of Thomas Dinwiddie.
2. The Will of David Dinwiddie of Marsh Creek.
3. The Cuthbertson Sketch.

All these have been in my hands for examination.

T. H. BALL.

## INTRODUCTION.

It is a well recognized fact that a man has no choice as to his ancestry. It is also recognized as desirable for any one to have back of himself a good ancestral line.

There are many now in the United States who find interest and instruction in tracing back, so far as is possible, their lines of ancestry, and this department of literary work is rapidly growing.

The ancestral problem is a strange one. Its results are astounding. As every child now in the world has had a father and a mother and so two grandfathers and two grandmothers, and, where there has been no intermarriage, four great grandfathers and four great grandmothers, it follows according to the well known law of progression that a child of to-day had living, ten generations ago, if no intermarriages between families took place, a thousand and twenty-four ancestors; and one million of ancestors twenty generations ago. It would then follow that fifteen hundred children, selected, one hundred each, from fifteen most widely separated nations, one only from a family, must have had living twenty generations ago, fifteen hundred millions, (1,500,000,000) of ancestors, and this is the present estimated population of the entire globe. The result, then, of this problem is preposterously absurd. It is evident that thousands now living must have had, not many generations ago, the same ancestors. The royal families of Europe, it is well known, have intermarried very fully; and families not royal have evidently done the same.

The very absurdity of the result of the ancestral problem leads to the fact of the interlacing of the human race; and if we start with the Bible teaching that all now living are descendants of the three sons of Noah, it is abundantly evident that the first generation, born after these three noted men, married cousins, the second must have married second cousins, and so the lines of relationship could separate more and more as the number of human beings increased. Beginning therefore at either end of the line, then, we come to the Scripture teaching, ALL NATIONS ARE OF ONE BLOOD.

In now tracing up family lines it is abundantly evident that no individual can follow back to any great distance many lines of ancestry. It is therefore customary and desirable now to trace up mainly one family name.

The researches in this work are connected with the name DINWIDDIE.

## I. ORGANIZATION OF THE DINWIDDIE CLAN.

Through suggestions and invitations from several members of the Dinwiddie, Sweny, McAlpin, and other connected families of the Didwiddie line, a large family reunion was held in the grove at Hebron, Porter county, Indiana, Saturday, September 1, 1894.

The following is a paragraph from the published records of this meeting:

“The members of the large Dinwiddie family, those bearing the name and those now bearing other names, trace back their descent through a known and certain line, for three hundred years, to David Dinwiddie of Scotland, who was born about the year 1600. Through him they trace an uncertain line back, perhaps through Thomas Dinwiddie, the chief of his clan, slain in the Dinwiddie tower in 1503, or perhaps through the Laird of Dinwiddie, assassinated in Edinburg in 1512, or through some other line, to Allen Dinwithie, mentioned in 1296, the recognized progenitor of the ancient Dinwithie family of Scottish history. The little children, therefore, of this generation can claim membership in a family six hundred years old, although they can trace their descent for only ten generations through the last three hundred years, leaving ten generations, back of these known ten, not yet traced from father to son or daughter.”

About one hundred and twenty were present. An enrollment of members was commenced, and it was voted to

meet again on the first Saturday in September, 1895. At this second meeting the name "Dinwiddie Clan," as suggested by Mr. W. E. Sweeney, was adopted, and the organization was perfected.

The following is a paragraph from the record of this second meeting:

"As it was too cool for comfort in the grove in the forenoon, the different families as they arrived gathered in Union Hall, where the long tables were set and were soon loaded for the banquet. One of these was set apart for the children, of whom there were at the table 52, and at the other tables were seated at the dinner hour, 117, making number of all the guests 169. About 20 of these were invited visitors; as it was found after dinner, when the artist arranged the real family group before his camera, that this group numbered 150. Of the members of this group, more than one-third, 54, being children, it was interesting, to one acquainted with many of them, to observe, in these members of the tenth and eleventh generations, how much of the old Scottish blood and Scottish faith remained, notwithstanding the intermarriage with English and Americans. Of course, after so many or so few generations, all are now distinctly Americans."

A record of the third re-union:

"The members of the "Dinwiddie Clan" met for their third annual re-union on Saturday, September 5th, 1896, in the grove of E. W. Dinwiddie, just west of the residence of I. Bryant.

The morning was cloudy with some indications of rain, but the bright warming sunshine came at length, and representatives of three generations, one hundred and fifty in number, gathered in good time for the large family dinner. A table had been erected ninety-six feet long and of appropriate table width, which was well supplied with the needful utensils for conveniently partaking of the food. Of the abundance and variety of that food nothing need be said, as Plum Grove is in the heart of one of the great food producing regions of the land. And this year there was no need to send to Michigan for our peaches; and both peaches and grapes, of home growth, were abundant.

There were present besides the Lake and Porter county members of the 'Clan,' Mrs. Eudora Dinwiddie, wife of John Dinwiddie, of Laporte county, and their daughter Miss Ella; Mr. and Mrs. Cowley and their son, of Harvey, Ill; Dr. Turner and wife, of Lansing, Ill; David Miller, wife and daughter, of Carthage, Missouri; and Mrs. Perkins and niece, Mrs. Pfaff, of Oneida, N. Y. Letters were received from members of the large family who are now residing in Oregon, but this year none could be present.

Although the great features of the day were the social greetings and renewals of old acquaintance and the forming of new ones, the games and sports of the children, of whom there were present as usual not a few, (cousins of various degrees,) and then the family dinner around one large table, yet, after the dinner to which ample time was given, there were musical and literary exercises for the en-

joyment of all. A good platform had been constructed, well decorated with flags and red, white, and blue bunting, seats had been provided, and there the guests assembled. The musical instruments were two drums, a guitar, and an organ. The president, A. Murray Turner, occupied the chair and called the assembly to order, Rev. J. N. Buchanan offered prayer. Miss Belle Dinwiddie was organist. The trained hands of Mrs. Dilley handled the guitar. Recitations were given by the very little children and the larger children. Among the latter were some nicely rendered selections by Cora and Edith Dinwiddie. A paper on 'Fallacies' was read by Miss Sweney, a recitation, 'The Lighthouse,' was given by Miss Belle Dinwiddie, and a selected poem was read by Miss Maggie Buchanan. A short address was given by Mr. W. E. Sweney. There were solos and quartette singing, and a paper of historic interest was read by Mrs. M. T. Holm, of Crown Point. Mr. Will Vilmer was present with his camera and took views of the table and the people."

The sixth meeting of the Clan, the fifth anniversary, was held at Hebron, Sept. 2, 1899. The following is from the published account of that re-union:

"The Clan has a much varied membership. While the majority of the members are farmers it has a number of school teachers, a druggist, a jeweler, a dentist, a physician, a coroner, a president of an electric railway company, several clergymen, and one member sells hay in lots of one hundred car loads; there are plenty of good singers for

choir or solo, and many who play on a variety of musical instruments, as well as churns and washing machines, and that we have a great many first-class cooks is shown by the fine display of nice looking and well cooked food at each annual gathering. Some of our members served in the war during the 'late unpleasantness,' and some are now in Cuba and the Philippines; one is a war correspondent for one of the best known weeklies. All are sturdy, brave and honest American citizens ready to do their duty to their flag and country as well as they are trying to do what they think is right toward their families and friends. With Scotch descendants of the Dinwiddie and Wilson families, by marriage, many of English, German, French, and other nationalities have been brought in, but all are loyal to Uncle Sam.

Through the kindness of our ex-president, A. Murray Turner, of Hammond, a very fine album was furnished the Clan and Will Vilmer, official photographer, of Crown Point, Ind., kindly donated with the album, pictures taken at each meeting heretofore. Owing to the excessive modesty of both the gentlemen, no formal presentation speech was made or vote of thanks returned, but the Clan appreciate fully the thoughtfulness of our friends."

At the seventh re-union, among other items of business, letters of regret were read from Gov. Theodore Roosevelt of New York, and Rev. C. C. Smith, of Chicago.

"Visiting members from a distance and invited guests were: J. C. Emory and wife, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; Abe Fuller, Little Rivers, Iowa; Ezra Brownell and wife, Winterset, Iowa; Mrs. Stuppy, Iowa; Mr. Morris, South Dakota; Mrs. W. B. Doddridge, Mentone, Ind; Mrs. E. R. Beebe, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. and Miss McGuire, Mrs. Jackman, of Illinois; Wm. Shinn and wife, Whiting, Ind; Mrs. Wm. Brown, Miss Brown, Mrs. John Fisher, Will Vilmer, wife, mother and children, of Crown Point."

The Presidents thus far have been: A. Murray Turner, W. E. Sweney, and Dr. Samuel Turner. Secretary O. Dinwiddie. Acting chaplains: Rev. J. N. Buchanan and Rev. T. H. Ball.

## II. DINWIDDIES IN SCOTLAND.

The name DINWIDDIE, written also Dinwoodie, Dinwiddy, Dinwitty, Dinwidie, Dunwoddy, Dunwoody, Dunwody, Dunwooddy, Dunwoodies, and in more than one hundred other forms, is one of the old historic, Scottish names.

In what is called the “Ragman’s Roll,” of 1296, the name given to the parchment rolls of the instruments by which the Scottish nobility and gentry subscribed allegiance to Edward I. of England, is found the name of Allen Dinwithie, called “the progenitor of the Dinwiddies, who were chief proprietors on lands in the Parish of Applegarth, Annandale, Dumfeshire.” [See Virginia Historical Papers. Also, Dinwiddie Papers, Vol. I.] “Thomas, chief of the Clan,” it is stated, “was slain in Dinwiddie tower in 1503, by the Jardines, who also are said to have killed the Laird of Dinwoodie in the streets of Edinburgh in 1512.”

In 1518 took place the noted battle of Dryef Sands, in which another Laird of Dinwoodie took part. A poem describing that battle says:

“Dinwoodies Laird, a wondrous wight,  
In stature tall as mountain pine,  
Drove fierce and furious through the fight,  
While blood dark dimmed his sabre’s shine.”

Twelve stanzas of this poem were sent in 1884 to O. Dinwiddie of Plum Grove, from Rev. David Dinwoodie of Annan Cemetery, Scotland.

He writes under the date of Dec. 12, 1884: "All my fore-fathers lived and died, and have become almost nameless as the leaves of the forest, about the parishes of Applegirth and Lochmaben. Looking at Bacon's Popular Map of Scotland last night, I could see three prominent places, such as Dinwoodie Castle, Dinwoodie Holm, and Dinwoodie Green. The last place got its name from the first Dinwoodie in the world." He states, but is unable to give the date or the king's name, that in early times a king of Scotland offered one hundred pounds in money to any one who would kill a noted outlaw. A man, named John Din, killed this noted outlaw and received this reward, having carried the outlaw's head to the king on a woodie. And the king, besides the money reward, added to the man's name the word woodie, thus making him JOHN DINWOODIE.

However originating it is abundantly evident that, in some of its varied forms, it is an old, historic name.

In regard to these varieties Thomas Dinwiddie, architect and surveyor, of Greenwich in England, having sent to Oscar Dinwiddie in October, 1877, a list of what he calls "various versions" of his name, one hundred and thirty in number according to his count, as he has received them on letters and parcels and from various persons, says at length in his letter: "Your name, however, terminates in ie, mine in y, so that I should think we were split from the original Scotch tribe long since. I think the spelling of my name must be a corruption, yours being the true way."

In a work on Border Clans by H. Dixon, examined by O. Dinwiddie in the Chicago Public Library, the following statements were found, each containing a different form of the family name.

On page 82: That among "Barons and Clans submitting to the English" in 1547 was Laird Dunwoddy (of that Ilk or Maxwell) with forty-four men. Locality, Annerdale.

On page 86: Date 1587: That on the "Roll of the names of the Landis Lordis \* \* \* in the Borders and in the Hielands quhair"—qu equal to w—"men has dwelt and presently dwellis" is "Laird of Dynwyddie (of that Ilk or Maxwell)."

On pages 87 and 88, that among "landit men" at Ananderdail was Dynwoddie (of that Ilk or Jardine or Maxwell)."

On page 108 it is stated that in 1603 the Border Clans were broken up.

From "Crests of Great Britain and Ireland."

Coat of Arms. "Dinwiddie, an eagle, wings addorsed and inverted, in dexter a guinea pig."

Motto. "Ubi libertas, ibi patria." Where liberty is, there is my country.

The ancient Barony of Dinwiddie and the adjoining one of Sibbaldie were at length merged into Applegarth.

The Dinwoodies or Dunwoodies or Dinwiddies, like other large and ancient families, sent small families and in-

dividuals from their early home in Scotland into England, Ireland, and America, and many bearing these names are in various states whose connections cannot now be traced. While, now, no Dinwiddie or Dinwoodie history in any continuous line has yet been given, and while no attempt has been made to give the connection of the family with Scottish life, which was not the design of this work, it is evident, from what has been given, that persons bearing the name in some of its strangely varied forms—mainly in three leading forms—must have been living in Scotland from 1296 to 1603. About this time a sure continuous line of genealogy begins.

NOTE. In the Dunwoody book, mentioned in the editor's introductory note, on pages 3 and 4 are the same statements in regard to early mention of the name DINWIDDIE in Scottish annals that have just been given in these records. And "Rev. David Dinwoodie of Annan, Scotland," is referred to as authority, quite evidently the same one who wrote to O. Dinwiddie in 1884. On page 7 of the Dunwoody book is published a copy of the Inscription on Governor Robert Dinwiddie's Monument, a copy of which sent to O. Dinwiddie from Greenwich, England, March 23, 1877, was published here, in a Dinwiddie record, in 1884.

The many letters in my hands establish fully the originality of the researches made by O. Dinwiddie of Plum Grove, commencing as early as 1876.

It may be added here that between the Dunwoodys and the Dinwiddies no relationship has been established, although both refer back to the same Scottish ancestors, and without much doubt a relationship does exist.

T. H. B.

## III. THE NORTHERN INDIANA FAMILY.

That the ancestors of the "Pioneer" Dinwiddie families of LaPorte, Porter, and Lake counties were natives of Scotland is very certain. It is also quite evident that "Dunwoodys and Dinwiddies" went from Scotland into the province of Ulster, in the north of Ireland, in that great migration, after six counties in that province were, in 1607, confiscated by the English Crown, a migration from Scotland and also from England, which changed the history of Ulster.

This new population received the name of Scotch-Irish. As these were not only Protestant but largely Presbyterian, and the Episcopal bishops wished to check the spread of Presbyterianism, they made use for that purpose of what was called the test-oath, imposed in 1704, which required all persons in public employment "to profess English prelacy." Extortionate rents were also required and these resulted in "what is known as the Antrim evictions." Early in the eighteenth century the Scotch-Irish began a great migration into the American colonies. Froude, the English historian, says: "In the two years which followed the Antrim evictions, thirty thousand Protestants left Ulster for the land where there was no legal robbery, and where those who sowed the seed could reap the harvest." It was estimated that "about twelve thousand came annually from Ulster to America" from the year 1729 to 1750. These, like the English Puritans and Quakers and the French Huguenots, had large influence in shaping the character of the nation. Among these came as early as

1741, DAVID DINWIDDIE, who settled in 1744 at Marsh Creek, in Adams county, Pennsylvania. In a "Biographical Sketch of the Rev. John Cuthbertson," called "the first Reformed Presbyterian minister in America," who crossed the ocean in 1751, it is stated that Mr. Cuthbertson came the last of August, 1751, "to David Dinwiddie's, Marsh Creek, Adams county," preached on the Sabbath, September 1st, and baptized, among others, "Mary, daughter of David Dinwiddie."

With this David, called in the Dinwiddie family records, "fifth David, son of David in succession," the Indiana Dinwiddie line begins.

Without being able as yet to trace the line back to Allen Dinwithie of 1296, nor to John Dinwoodie who killed the outlaw, nor to Dinwoodie's laird of 1518, four Scotch and Irish Dinwiddies are found bearing the same name.

These may be designated thus:

1. David Dinwiddie or Dinwoodie of Scotland, born about 1600, or at about the time of the breaking up of the Border Clans, and at about the time of the beginning of the migration into Ulster. The probability is that he went with so many others from Scotland into Ulster.
2. David the Second. Probable date of birth about 1631.
3. David the Third, about 1662.
4. David the Fourth, about 1693, whose wife Sarah, according to the family record, died in 1744 in Pennsylvania.
5. David the Fifth, born in 1724.

In the Dunwoody book, which has been mentioned, there are Davids, and it seems a little singular that the first one, marked David Dunwoody (1) was an inhabitant of Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1747 or about the time of the settlement in Adams county of David Dinwiddie. That the latter came from Ireland is certain; and that the former came from Ireland, having an untraced line of ancestors back to Scotland, may readily be believed. Coming, so nearly at the same time, into the same American colony, it seems singular that they had no intercourse with each other. But there were no telephones in those days, and the counties of York and Lancaster and the Susquehanna River were between the counties of Adams and Chester. And it is, if not singular, curious, that the David in Adams county wrote his name, as did the other, Dunwoody.

#### NOTE.

It has seemed appropriate to commence the numbering of the generations with that David called the Fifth with whom the Indiana line begins, and for this purpose the Arabic characters or figures are used in this book, while for numbering the children in each family the Roman notation is used, thus; 3. v. denote the fifth child in the third American generation of the family where this figure and letter are found.

The DAVID who is called the Fifth is counted as American although not born in this country.

I may add that I have examined works of this kind, which are considered to be first-class, and have endeavored to imitate or combine their excellencies and to avoid what seemed to me to be defects.

I do not expect to attain perfect accuracy in regard to all the names and dates herein given, for they have come to me, as music is often played, "with variations," but I hope that not much fault will be found with the editor's own work.

T. H. B.

## THE AMERICAN LINE.

## I. Descendants of David Dinwiddie known as David the Fifth.

1. David Dinwiddie, or David Dunwoody or David Dunwoodie, for authority will be shown for the three forms of the name as designating one and the same man—was born in the Ulster province of Ireland, a son of David and Sarah Dinwiddie, in 1724. The date of migration to this country has not been ascertained with certainty, but the evidence is that it was as early as 1741, perhaps in 1740.

There is evidence also that he came with his mother, who died in 1744, and with some brothers. So far as appears from records and tombstone inscriptions the father must have died in Ireland.

This DAVID, twenty years of age when his mother died, was married, December 19, 1745, to Jean McClure, a daughter of William McClure of Octoraro, and was found at Marsh Creek in Adams county, Pennsylvania, in August of 1751 by the Rev. John Cuthbertson, being known then as since by the name Dinwiddie, although, as his will shows, he himself held to the form Dunwoody.

Children of David and Jean (McClure) Dinwiddie:

It is inferred from a statement in an old manuscript that a child was born and died in 1746 or 1747. But that son will not be numbered here.

2. i. William, born Aug. 29, 1748, died 1767.

2. ii. Mary, born Jan. 6, 1751.
2. iii. John, born June 10, 175~~8~~<sup>3</sup>
2. iv. David called the Sixth, born July 25, 1755.
2. v. James, born July 10, 1758, died in 1764.
2. vi. Sarah, born Oct. 21, 1761.
2. vii. Hugh, born Jan. 8, 1764.
2. viii. William 2d, born March 7, 1768.

Mrs. Jean Dinwiddie dying June 22, 1781, David Dinwiddie, Nov. 20, 1783, was married to Elizabeth Kerr by the Rev. Alexander Dobbin who came to America in 1773.

Children:

2. ix. Nancy, born Oct. 26, 1784.
2. x. Elizabeth called Betsy, born May 8, 1787.

Mrs. Elizabeth Dinwiddie died Nov. 21, 1789.

David Dinwiddie, who had been ordained a church elder in 1753, said to be one of the first Covenanter Elders ordained in America, died in 1802.

Up to this time Marsh Creek Cemetery, near the now noted Gettysburg, seems to have been the family burial place.

## WILL OF DAVID DINWIDDIE.

IN THE NAME OF GOD AMEN, I David Dinwoody of Cumberland Township in the County of Adams and State of Pennsylvania, Blacksmith, being in perfect health of body and of sound mind, memory, and understanding (Blessed be God for the same) but considering the uncertainty of this transitory life do make and publish, this my last Will and Testament in manner and form following, towit: Principally and first of all, I commend my immortal soul into the hands of God, who gave it and my body to the earth, to be buried in a decent and Christian like manner at the discretion of my Executors hereinafter named; and as to such worldly estate wherewith it has pleased God to bless me in this life, I give and dispose of the same in the following manner, viz:

It is my will and I order and direct that all my just debts and funeral expenses be first paid out of my estate, by my Executors hereinafter named.

Item, I give and bequeath to my son-in-law John Wilson, one Bond which I have on him for Forty-seven Pounds. I also give unto his wife Mary Wilson, Fifty Pounds to be paid her one year after my decease and to be at her own disposal. I also give and bequeath unto my Grandchildren Sarah Wilson and Thomas Wilson, the sum of Fifty Pounds to be paid them equally when the said Thomas shall arrive at the age Twenty-one years; and to my two other Grandchildren Nancy Wilson and Betsy Wilson, the sum of Twenty-five pounds each, to be paid to them severally as they arrive at the age of Twenty-one years.

Item, I give and bequeath to my Grandson David Dunwoody, son of my son David, my silver watch and Twenty-

five Pounds to be paid to him, when he shall arrive at the age Twenty-one years; and to his sister Jean, my Grand-daughter, the sum of Twenty-five Pounds to be paid her at the same time.

Item, I give and bequeath to my son-in-law Samuel Cross, one Bond which I have on him for Thirty Pounds on condition, he the said Samuel Cross shall first acquit and discharge my son Hugh from the payment of such things as he, the said Hugh bought at the said Cross' ven due. Likewise I give and bequeath to his son David Cross, my Grandson, Fifty Pounds to be paid him Twelve years after my decease.

Item, I give and bequeath to my son William Dunnwoody, a Fifty Pound Bond which I have on my son David Dunnwoody and which I allow my son David to pay to my said son William in the following manner, viz: Ten Pounds yearly until the whole is paid without any interest thereon. I also give unto my said son William my hat and boots with all my wearing apparel of what kind and nature so-ever; and to his wife, Hannah, I give and bequeath the sum of One Hundred Pounds, to be paid her as follows, viz: Ten Pounds thereof five years after my decease, and Ten Pounds yearly thereafter, so as to complete the sum of One Hundred Pounds aforesaid, which several sums I allow to be paid to herself or her order for the use of her family and to be solely at her disposal; likewise I give and bequeath to her three eldest children viz: Jean, James, and David, the sum of One Hundred Pounds equally between them, their respectives shares thereof to be paid to them severally as they arrive at the age of Twenty-one years. And if any of my aforesaid Grandchildren shall die under age and without lawful issue it is my will that the share or shares of them so re-

moved by death shall be paid to the survivor or the survivors of the same family mentioned in this will.

Item, I give and bequeath to my Granddaughter, Jean Wilson, the old case of drawers that was her Grandmother's, her chest and table and what bedding she had made before she had left my house; also one cow and three sheep.

Item, I give and bequeath unto my two daughters, Nancy and Betsy, all the wearing apparel that was their mother's, to be equally divided between them; also all the household furniture which I got with their mother, to be divided as follows, viz: To my daughter Nancy, I give and bequeath the case of drawers that was her mother's, a spinning wheel and check reel, the small table commonly used in the meeting house, a fine table cloth and two napkins and my bedstead and furniture; also one cow and three sheep; and to my daughter Betsy I give and bequeath the tea table that was her mother's, the tea kettle and all the other furniture thereto belonging, with six silver teaspoons, a good bedstead and furniture, my chest, a good spinning wheel, one fine table cloth and two napkins; also one cow and three sheep. It is likewise my will that my Negro Wench, named Molly, shall be the property of, my said two daughters equally, so soon as my daughter Nancy shall arrive at the age of Twenty-one years, or be married. I also give and bequeath to my said two daughters Nancy and Betsy, all their mother's part of John Kerr's estate which is now in the hands of James Scotte and Hugh Dunwoody, my nephew, at interest amounting to One Hundred and Fifty-five Pounds. It is to remain at interest until my said daughters have a call for it; but so soon as they, or either of them, arrive at the age of Eighteen years and my executors think they have a call

for it, their respective shares shall be paid to either of them so calling. I also give and bequeath to my said two daughters, Nancy and Betsy, the sum of Two Hundred Pounds to each of them out of my estate to be paid to them severally as they arrive at the age of Twenty-one years, and if then not paid, it is to bear interest until paid. It is also my will that my said two daughters, Nancy and Betsy, shall be maintained, clothed and supported on the plantation where I now dwell, clear of expense until they shall severally arrive at the age of Twenty-one years, or be married.

Item, I give and bequeath unto my son Hugh Dunwoody, all the rest, residue and remainder of my personal estate of what kind and nature soever the same my be or wheresoever found; and as to all my lands, tenements, hereditaments, and appurtenances lying and being in the county of Adams aforesaid or elsewhere I do give and devise the same unto my son Hugh Dunwoody. To hold to him his heirs and assigns forever. He, the said Hugh Dunwoody paying and delivering all and every, the hereinbefore mentioned legacies and bequests, except such as otherwise particularly specified and provided for.

And lastly I nominate constitute and appoint my said well beloved son Hugh Dunwoody and my trusty friend Walter Smith, Esquire, to be the Executors of this my will, hereby revoking all other wills, legacies and bequests, by me heretofore made, and declaring this and no other, to be my last will and testament.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and seal the Sixteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Two.

DAVID DUNWOODY.

SEAL

Signed, sealed, published, pronounced and declared by the said testator as his last will and testament in the presence of us who, in his presence, and at his request, have subscribed as witnesses.

Note; before signing, It is my will and I order and direct that all my books shall be equally divided between my five children, Mary Wilson, David Dunwoody, Hugh Dunwoody, Nancy, and Betsy and that my said son David shall have my large Bible in part of his dividend.

JOHN GALLOWAY.  
JAMES GALLOWAY.  
A. RUSSELL.

ADAMS COUNTY, SS:

Before me, James Duncan, Register for the Probate of Wills and granting Letters of Administration in and for the County of Adams aforesaid, in the State of Pennsylvania, personally appeared John Galloway, James Galloway and Alexander Russell, Esq., the subscribing witnesses to the foregoing instrument of writing and on their solemn oaths, severally say that they were personally present and saw and heard the within named David Dunwoody sign his name unto and seal and publish the foregoing instrument of writing as and for his last will and testament, and at the time of doing thereof, he the said David Dunwoody was of a sound mind, memory and understanding to the best of their knowledge and belief and that they subscribed their names thereto as witnesses in the presence of the said testator and at his request, and also in the presence of each other at the same time.

JOHN GALLOWAY,  
JAMES GALLOWAY.  
A. RUSSELL.

Sworn and subscribed before me at Gettysburg, this 18th day of December, A. D., 1802.

JAMES DUNCAN.

## REMARKS:

Mr. Wilson says that the deeds, which have been examined, show titles to 933 acres of land in Adams county bequeathed by the foregoing will, and how much may have been in York county is not known. The different money items named in the will amount to 1,132 pounds Sterling, or nearly 5,700 dollars. It is very certain that no one knows the value of the whole estate, but it was for those days quite an amount of property.

It may be called a family characteristic to own large tracts of land. The children and grandchildren of Thomas Dinwiddie hold, as the nineteenth century closes, thousands of acres of some of the best land in Lake county.

## CHILDREN OF THE NEXT GENERATION.

2. I. Of William Dinwiddie no descendants. Died April 5, 1797.

2. II. Descendants of Mary Dinwiddie, oldest daughter of David Dinwiddie, born at Marsh Creek, January 6, 1751, baptized September 1, 1751, by Rev. John Cuthbertson.

## WILSON.

2. II. Mary Dinwiddie was married about 1774 to John Wilson, who was born in Ireland, in County Antrim or County Donegal, Jan. 12, 1750, his father, David Wilson becoming a settler near Marsh Creek about 1760.

## Children:

"Isabel, the oldest, was born in 1777, dying April 13, 1837.

Sarah was born in 1779, married to Robert Stewart in 1818, died July 6, 1851.

Mary born March 15, 1781, married to her cousin, James Wilson, in 1804, died in 1821.

Thomas and David, twins, born 1782. David died in Pennsylvania in 1805. Thomas married to Rebecca Baird in 1812, died June 29, 1827.

Nancy born Dec. 25, 1785, married to Joseph Gowdy in 1809, died May 25, 1859.

Elizabeth born in 1788, died May 31, 1836.

Ann born Dec. 1793, died May 8, 1855.

John born in 1795, married about 1817 to Margaret Mitcheltree, died October 5, 1829.

Hugh born in 1800, married to Eliza Cross in 1831, died Aug. 1, 1836."

The above record of the ten children of Mary and John Wiison is taken from a pamphlet containing a paper prepared by Thomas H. Wilson for the first re-union of the "East Liberty Wilsons" of Trumbull Co., Ohio, September 11, 1894. (In the Will Jean is also named.) As her descendants belong to the Wilson more than to the Dinwiddie records this line will be continued here no further.

Thomas H. Wilson, a nephew of these Wilson descendants of Mary Dinwiddie - at least he calls two of them "Aunt Ann and Aunt Nancy," the ones he remembered the best, Aunt Ann dying in 1855 when he was thirteen years old—is cashier of the First National Bank of Cleveland, Ohio. He has furnished for this book a copy of the will of David Dinwiddie the Fifth, and he also sent a copy of his writing called "Night Thoughts." Much credit is due him for the interest he has manifested in regard to these Records.

2. III. Of John Dinwiddie no descendants traced.

2. IV. Children of David Dinwiddie.

2. IV. David Dinwiddie the Sixth, born at Marsh Creek, July 25, 1755, was married Jan 27, 1778, by Rev. Alexander Dobbin at Mt. Pleasant, to Susannah Patterson (who was born Sept. 22, 1760, and died Nov. 11, 1854, near Hebron, in Porter county, Indiana,) removed from Pennsylvania to Ohio, and there died Dec. 5, 1823.

## Children:

3. i. Sarah, born Nov. 17, 1778.  
 3. ii. John, born Dec. 18, 1780.  
 3. iii. Jane or Jean, born Jan. 19, 1783.  
 3. iv. Thomas, born March 27, 1787, in Adams county, Pennsylvania.

3. v. Susannah, born July 10, 1789, died Aug. 31, 1847, buried near Hebron.

[The two Susannah Dinwiddies are mentioned in "North-Western Indiana," page 199.]

3. vi. David the Seventh was born Jan. 17, 1792.  
 3. vii. Mary M., born June 5, 1794.  
 3. viii. William, born Dec. 18, 1796.  
 3. ix. Margaret, born May 23, 1803.

## DESCENDANTS OF SARAH DINWIDDIE.

3. I. Sarah Dinwiddie was married to James Crooks April 5, 1798.

## Daughter:

4. I. Susan, who was married to —— Hurst.

## Children:

5. i. Julia, married to James Clinghan.  
 5. ii. Sarah, married to Dr. Porter.  
 5. iii. Jane, married to William Holmes.  
 5. iv. Alice, married to Berkley Oliver.  
 James Crooks was killed by a falling tree.

## HOLMES.

5. III. Jane Hurst was married about 1830 in Titusville, Ohio, to William Holmes who was born in Pennsylvania and died Aug. 16, 1861.

## Children:

6. i. Alice M., born in 1831, died Aug. 8, 1886.
6. ii. Caroline, died Dec. 19, 1833.
6. iii. Sarah Jane, born April 16, 1833.
6. iv. Robert C., born April 13, 1834.
6. v. David D., died Feb. 17, 1845.

## STONE.

6. III. Sarah Jane Holmes was married to Norman Stone, March 26, 1853. He was born March 4, 1829, and died Sept. 22, 1872. He died in Eagle Creek township, Lake county, Ind., where for some time the family resided. He was a Grange member and the burial took place in the Hebron cemetery, the religious services conducted by Rev. T. H. Ball, and the Grange burial by Mr. E. M. Robertson.

## Children:

7. i. Henry M., born April 17, 1854, died Aug. 22, 1854.
7. ii. Martha E., born Aug. 28, 1855, died Dec. 17, 1893.
7. iii. George M., born Aug. 16, 1858, died Oct. 14, 1877.
7. iv. Eli T., born March 22, 1862, died Sept. 23, 1880.
7. v. Charles R., born Jan. 27, 1865, married Jan. 6, 1883.
7. vi. John D., born May 28, 1867, died June 20, 1887.

3. II. Of John Dinwiddie no descendants. He died Jan. 11, 1820.

3. III. Descendants of Jane Dinwiddie.

TURNER.

3. III. Jane Dinwiddie, daughter of David Dinwiddie known as the Sixth, was married at Gettysburg, in February 1810, to Samuel Turner who was born in County Tyrone, Ireland, in March, 1782—Scotch-Irish like the Dinwiddies, but date of migration to Pennsylvania not recorded—and who left Pennsylvania for Indiana in 1838. [For an interesting narrative of the settlement of "Samuel Turner and wife" and children, on a "winding little stream" in Lake county, Indiana, see "Reminiscences of Eagle Creek," written by a granddaughter, Mrs. S. J. Monteith, in "Lake County 1884."]

Children:

4. i. Maria Dinwiddie, born Dec. 21, 1810, died July 23, 1826.

4. ii. Susan Patterson, born Feb. 27, 1813, died in Hebron, July 24, 1899.

4. iii. Thomas J., born April 5, 1815, married 1840 to Adeline Burnside, died April 4, 1874.

4. iv. David, born Dec. 17, 1816, in Trumbull county, Ohio.

[It seems from the records that the Turner family, as also the Dinwiddie family, removed from Pennsylvania into Ohio and returned again to Pennsylvania.]

4. v. Samuel, born Aug. 13, 1818.

4. vi. James, born Jan. 17, 1821, married in September, 1848, to Austria C. Lindsley, died Aug. 14, 1866, in Mississippi. For some years a resident lawyer of Crown Point, a very refined and a Christian man.

4. vii. Alexander, born June 18, 1823, died June 9, 1824.

4. viii. Alexander Murray, born July 22, 1825, died March 19, 1853.

In the history of Lake county, of 1872 it is said: "Samuel Turner was one of the leading citizens of that part of the county" - Eagle Creek township - "and was soon elected Justice of the Peace, and about 1842 was elected Associate Judge, which office he held until his death." He died Nov. 19, 1846. His wife, born at Gettysburg, Jan. 19, 1783, died at the Eagle Creek home Aug. 25, 1871.

4. III. Thomas Johnson Turner, who was married in 1840 to Adeline Burnside, was for years a prominent lawyer and politician in Freeport, Illinois, after leaving this county, and afterwards in the city of Chicago.

Children:

5. i. Alida, born 1843.

5. ii. Homer, born and died in 1846.

5. iii. Thomas Edwin, born in 1849.

5. iv. Jennie, born 1851.

BOTHWELL.

5. I. Alida Turner was married to John Bothwell.

6. I. Daughter, Maggie.

## TURNER.

5. III. Thomas E. Turner married Louise McCall. He died in 1889.

## Children:

6. i. Thomas J.
6. ii. Sara.
6. iii. Paul.
6. iv. Stewart.

## HAIR.

5. IV. Jennie Turner was married in 1874 to Samuel Hair.

## Children:

6. i. Miriam, born 1875.
6. ii. Bessie, born 1877.
6. iii. Thomas J., born in 1879.

## TURNER.

4. IV. David Turner, known for many years of his life as Judge Turner, having been the last probate judge of Lake county, elected in 1849, was state representative in 1854, a state senator in 1858, and was appointed by President Lincoln United States Assessor in 1862. It was written of him, "His political career was marked by a purity of motive and action which may well serve as a model to the youth of our county." He was an active Sunday school man and was President of the Lake County Sabbath School Convention in 1875. (He died Feb. 14, 1890, being 73 years of age.) He was married to Caroline Bissell, Oct. 17, 1844.

## Children:

(All born in Crown Point.)

5. i. John Bissell, born Sept. 19, 1845.
5. ii. Sarah Jane, born Sept. 5, 1847.
5. iii. Mary Amelia, born May 10, 1850, died March 29, 1853.
5. iv. Emma, born Oct. 10, 1852.
5. v. Anna Maria, born May 27, 1855.
5. vi. Mary A., born April 28, 1857.
5. vii. A. Murray, born Oct. 3, 1859.
5. viii. Susan, born Nov. 23, 1862, died Jan. 22, 1863.
5. ix. Austria Caroline, born June 3, 1865.
5. x. Maggie, born Nov. 3, 1867, died Jan. 10, 1879.

The editor lingers a few moments at this record. He knew this young child so well. She had been as carefully trained as her ancestor, David Dinwiddie, "the first Covenant Elder ordained in America," could have wished; she was so often with her father that her child form was much missed on the walks of Crown Point; and, as the following records will show, many others of her young "cousins," in their bright and winsome childhood, have also gone up to Paradise. But with them the editor was not acquainted as he was with this lovely child. And on that acquaintanceship he takes the liberty to insert here the following Spenserian stanzas which were written in 1879, inscribed "To the memory of Maggie Turner."

Eleven years ago, last autumn, came,  
    Into a village home, a little child;  
Her parents gave to her a pleasant name,  
    And she from heavy cares their hearts beguiled;  
Sometimes no doubt she grieved, but often smiled,  
    And grew in beauty as she grew in years;  
Grew rich in humor, yet continued mild;  
    And seemed quite far removed from childish fears.  
How should she know that this is called a world of tears?

She was the youngest, and around her heart,  
    From brothers two and gentle sisters five,  
Love was entwined. Love makes it hard to part,  
    When some must die and others still survive;  
But love forever must be kept alive,  
    If we would know the joy of being blest;  
Love is an air in which the soul can thrive,  
    If we love those on whom our hearts can rest;  
But parting hours must come. They come at God's behest.

Along the paths of childhood life she walked;  
    At home, in school, at church, she filled her place;  
Cheerful her flow of spirit when she talked,  
    And winsome also with sweet childhood's grace,  
Her budding youth was coming on apace.  
    She had been taught in prayer each day to bow,  
Had learned that she must run the Christian race,  
    Had learned that she must seek Christ's favor now,  
And that a glorious crown might one day press her brow.

Then she lay down to die. 'Twas winter time;  
Cold was the air and white with snow the ground;  
The summer birds within a distant clime,  
A sunny sky and leafy woods had found;  
Her home was soon to be a grassy mound;  
When spring returns with all its sounds of mirth,  
Then with bird-music will our groves resound;  
And when he comes, the Lord of second birth,  
Then will his sainted ones come forth from out the earth.

Yes, she lay down and died. Day after day,  
The bright light faded from her hazel eyes,  
And then the sunny spirit passed away.  
We could not see in Heaven the glad surprise,  
With which, where glories after glories rise,  
She looked upon the face of Heaven's great King;  
We have no glass with which to pierce the skies;  
We could not hear those lofty arches ring,  
While holy, happy angels round her soul did sing.

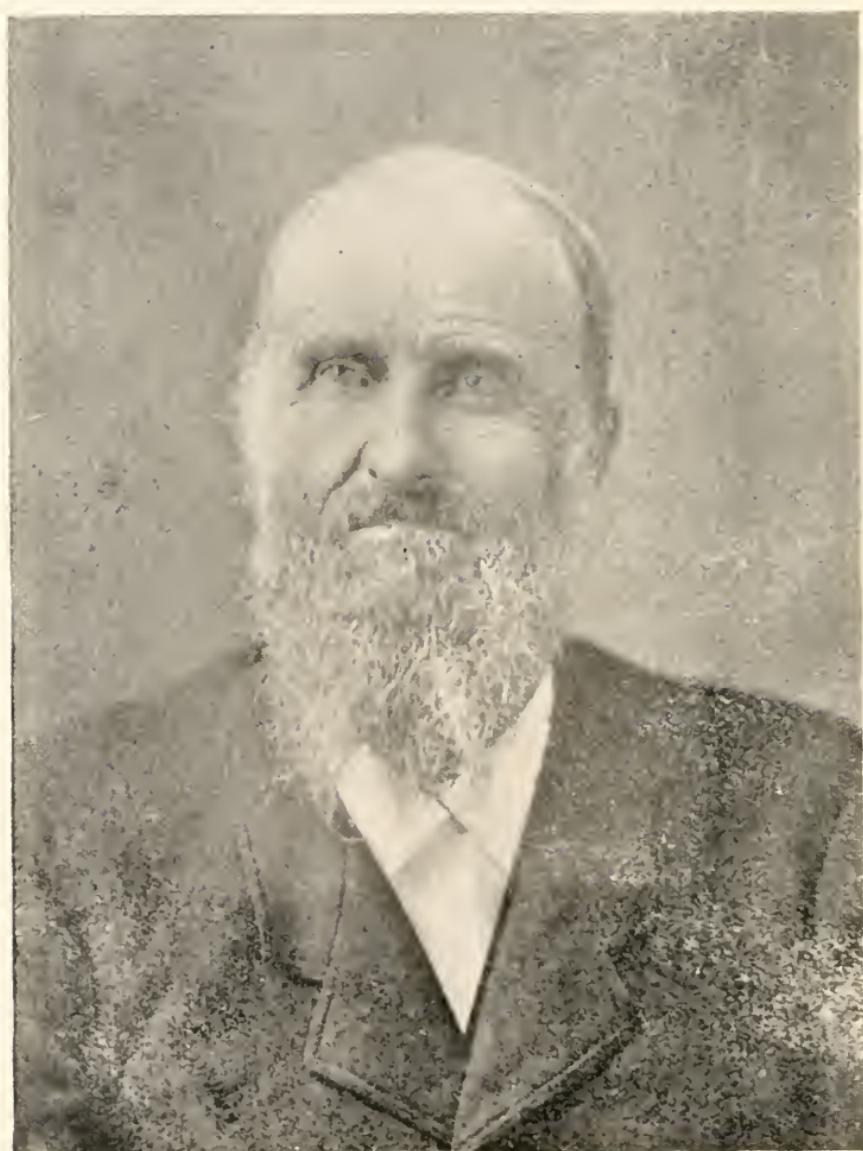
Four sisters, one by one, had gone from home;  
Each had a happy bridal day and eve;  
We do not know what paths their feet may roam,  
Nor how, this earthly life, they each will leave;  
But no life hopes can her young heart deceive;  
Robed, not in bridal, but in burial white,  
Where they had stood she slept. Why need we grieve?  
Her lovely smile had faded. It was night.  
Had she not gone to dwell with holy ones in light?



MRS. JANE DINWIDDIE TURNER, Page 35.  
Between 40 and 41.







JUDGE DAVID TURNER. 37.



MRS. CAROLINE BISSELL  
TURNER. 37.

It has been found impracticable to put all the  
e its opposite the desired pages. The figures at-  
tached will show those pages.







SUSAN PATTERSON TURNER.  
4 II. 35.

## TURNER.

5. I. John B. Turner was married to Mary Boynton, Aug. 30, 1870, at Tipton in Iowa.

## Children:

6. i. Nettie, born July 5, 1872.
6. ii. Alice E., born Jan. 14, 1877.
6. iii. Laura, born Sept. 8, 1880.
6. iv. David, born Feb. 27, 1882.

## NEFF.

6. I. Nettie L. Turner oldest daughter of John B. Turner, married Fred Neff.

## Son:

7. i. Howard Edgar Neff.

## MONTEITH.

5. II. Sarah Jane Turner was married to the Rev. T. W. Monteith, June 24, 1875.

## Children:

6. i. Caroline V., born April 1, 1876.
6. ii. William Thomas, born March 1, 1879, died 1883.
6. iii. David Turner, born May 21, 1882.
6. iv. Wilson H., born Feb. 16, 1885.
6. v. John M., born March 19, 1887, died Sept. 24, 1891.
6. vi. Percy Loba, born in 1890.

## EMERY.

5. IV. Emma Turner and Irving C. Emery were married Oct. 20, 1875.

## Children:

6. i. Julia, born Nov. 7, 1876, died Dec. 8, 1878.
6. ii. James T., born Oct. 18, 1878.
6. iii. David, born Aug. 18, 1881.
6. iv. Irving C., born June 25, 1884.
6. v. Charles E., born July 23, 1889, died Jan. 1893.
6. vi. John B., born Oct. 15, 1891.

## MORGAN.

5. V. Anna M. Turner was married to the Rev. Freeman E. Morgan Aug. 8, 1877.

Mr. and Mrs. Morgan were appointed by the American Baptist Missionary Union as missionaries to the Telugus and left this country for India by way of Europe in October, 1879. After seven years of valuable labor there, Mr. Morgan's failing health compelled them to return to their native land. Mr. Morgan died April 4, 1891, in a few years after returning home.

## Children:

6. i. Ruth, born Aug. 23, 1878.
6. ii. Maggie, born Jan. 1, 1881.
6. iii. Murray, born Feb. 27, 1883.
6. iv. Hattie, born Nov. 21, 1884, died in Nov. 1893.

These three, Maggie, Murray, and Hattie Morgan born in the far East, that Orient, so noted through all the history of the world.

6. v. Freeman E., born June 9, 1887.
6. vi. Edward S., born Dec. 21, 1889, died in August, 1890.

### HOLM.

5. VI. Mary A. Turner, called more commonly in her girlhood, MAMIE, was married June 20, 1878, to a Presbyterian pastor, the Rev. Charles A. Holm.

#### Children:

6. i. Charles T., born May 2, 1879, died July 31, 1879.
6. ii. Alice T., born July 31, 1880.
6. iii. Bessie, born July 23, 1882, died Sept. 19, 1882.

After a few years of experience as a pastor's wife Mr. Holm dying July 4, 1885, Mrs. Holm with her daughter Alice, resumed her place in her father's home at Crown Point.

### TURNER.

5. VII. A. Murray Turner was married Dec. 31, 1890, to Lillian E. Blackstone, of Hebron, Indiana.

#### Daughter:

6. i. Margaret, born Oct. 24, 1896.

The mother, Lillian E. Turner, died Nov. 21, 1900.

Something more than the mere mention of her death

may justly be allowed here in regard to Mrs. Lillian E., the wife of A. Murray Turner, of Hammond. The home of her childhood and youth was in Hebron. The circumstances of her death as a young mother were peculiarly sad. One of her special friends wrote that "every bulletin that came from the sick chamber since Mrs. Turner was taken ill" was watched by the community with great solicitude. "Crown Point, Hebron, Lowell, and Valparaiso, have been equally solicitous \* \* \* that Mrs. Turner might recover."

The same loving friend adds, as her tribute to her memory: "She was the fondest of mothers, the most devoted of wives, and the dearest of friends;" and she considers it "but a faithful tribute" to her memory to name "her sunny, equable, loving disposition; her thorough kindness of heart; her same sweetness to everybody; her beautiful charity to the poor."

A judicious friend at the editor's elbow says that the above is not overdrawn.

## ROSS.

5. IX. Austria C. Turner was married Dec. 23, 1886, to Charles W. Ross, son of the Evangelist Donald Ross.

## Children:

6. i. Helen S., born July 29, 1888.
6. ii. Caroline, born Jan. 26, 1890.
6. iii. Donald, born March 22, 1892.
6. iv. Margaret, born Jan. 2, 1894.
6. v. Austria, born July 1896.

## TURNER.

4. V. Samuel Turner was married to Jane McGlashon, daughter of W. G. McGlashon, of Crown Point. He died April 9, 1864.

## Children:

5. i. Samuel R., born May 13, 1858.
5. ii. William, born July 17, 1860.

5. I. Dr. Samuel R. Turner was married Dec. 13, 1883, to Henrietta Burgess, daughter of Henry Burgess, of Hebron, born Dec. 14, 1863.

## Children:

6. i. Samuel Albert, born Sept. 26, 1884, died Dec. 17, 1886.
6. ii. Susan E., born Dec. 30, 1885.
6. iii. Mary Edna, born April 7, 1889.
6. iv. Harold Burgess, born Dec. 10, 1890.

6. v. James S., born Jan. 24, 1896.
6. vi. Wilma Jane, born Jan. 27, 1900.

5. II. William Turner, married June 1883, to Lizzie Glissen. No descendants traced.

Of these descendants of Jane Dinwiddie in the Turner line, John B. Turner is a prominent citizen of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, a furniture dealer; A. Murray Turner is a popular and leading citizen of Hammond, and of Lake county, having been sheriff of the county, President of an electric railway company, and now President of the First National Bank, of Hammond; and Dr. S. R. Turner is a physician now at Hammond, having a large practice in Indiana and which has extended into Illinois. These three are now in the prime of life.

5. II. William M. Turner was born in Eagle Creek township, Lake county, Indiana, July 18, 1860. He was married at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, to Lizzie Glissen, who was born at Cedar Rapids, July 26, 1860.

Children:

6. i Ellice G., born at Cedar Rapids, Sept. 25, 1887.
6. ii. Cass Valentine, born at Evanston, Ill., Feb. 14, 1891.

NOTES. 1. The above was not received in time to be quite in its proper place.

2. From a misinterpretation of "Reminiscences" mentioned on page 35, the date of migration from Pennsylvania of the Turner family is placed in 1838. Other evidence places it in 1833, when a short sojourn was made in LaPorte county till 1838.

T H. B.

3. IV. DESCENDANTS OF THOMAS  
DINWIDDIE.

3. IV. Thomas Dinwiddie was married October 20, 1808, to Mary Ann Wilson (daughter of Robert and Mary Wilson, born in Adams county, Pennsylvania, July 19, 1788, and died Sept. 10, 1856, and was buried near Hebron, in Indiana.)

Children:

4. i. Mariah, born Jan. 27, 1810, died in May, 1819.

4. ii. Susannah P., born Oct. 24, 1811, married Feb. 3, 1835, to Joseph West, who died Oct. 21, 1840. Married in 1842 to Isaac Miller. Died April 18, 1861, buried near Hebron.

4. iii. John Wilson, born Oct. 1, 1813, in Hubbard township, Trumbull county, Ohio.

This item of interest has come down in the family tradition and is reliable, that on this day of birth, October 1, the father, Thomas Dinwiddie, killed fifteen wild turkeys, four deer, and one bear. A good day for hunting, and the hunter was not too much excited to shoot well.

4. iv. David, born March 12, 1816, married April 25, 1844, to Elsy Hildreth, who was born April 24, 1827, and died Feb. 12, 1859, at Halsey, Oregon, where her husband also died April 12, 1871.

4. v. Margaret Jane, born in Trumbull county, Ohio, June 5, 1818.

4. vi. Eliza Ann, born Aug. 5, 1820.

4. vii. Mary, born Dec. 30, 1823, married Sept. 8, 1842, to James H. Wilson, who was born March 14, 1811, and who died Dec. 25, 1875, near Halsey, in Oregon.



MRS. SUSANNAH P. DIN-  
WIDDIE WEST.

48-49







JOHN WILSON DINWIDDIE. 50.



MRS. MARY J. PERKINS  
DINWIDDIE. 51.







4. viii. Sarah Ann, born Jan. 20, 1826, in Butler county, Pennsylvania, married Oct. 12, 1848, to Joseph McAlpin, and died Nov. 18, 1863, near Hebron, in Porter county, Indiana.

4. ix. Thomas Patterson, born Oct. 28, 1828, in Butler county, married Jan. 1, 1858, to Martha M. Henderson, who was born Aug 16, 1839.

4. x. Harriet Ann, born Oct. 10, 1831, in Butler county, Pennsylvania, died June 8, 1837.

4. I. Mariah Dinwiddie. No descendants.

4. II. Descendants of Susannah P. Dinwiddie.

#### WEST. MILLER.

4. II. Susannah P. Dinwiddie was born Oct. 24, 1811, was married Feb. 3, 1835, to Joseph West, who died Oct. 21, 1840, and was married in 1842 to Isaac Miller. She died April 18, 1861, near Hebron.

#### West Children:

5. i. Thomas D., born Nov. 5, 1835, married Oct. 31, 1860, to Cynthia Spoor, who was born April 21, 1842.

5. ii. Joseph Wilson, born Feb. 21, 1841, married June 1, 1893 to Lizzie George, who was born July 8, 1850.

#### MILLER:

5. iii. David, born Dec. 13, 1843, married Oct. 3, 1866, at Kendallville, Indiana, to Helen R. Brayton, who was born Oct. 3, 1848.

## WEST.

5. I. Thomas D. West was married to Cynthia Spoor.

## Children:

6. i. Minnie, born Sept. 9, 1861. Married July 3, 1890, to William Shinn.

6. ii. Frank, born Jan. 15, 1863, died April 25, 1863.

6. iii. Nettie, born Feb. 8, 1865, married Dec. 29, 1887, to Henry A. Drake.

## DRAKE.

7. i. Thomas, son of Nettie West and Henry A. Drake, born June 30, 1890.

## MILLER.

5. III. David Miller and Helen R. Brayton.

## Children:

6. i. Everett, born Nov. 2, 1868, at Momence, Ill.

6. ii. Mabel, born June 23, 1871, at Momence, Ill.

6. iii. Halley Brayton, born May 16, 1875, at Carthage, Missouri. Died Nov. 1, 1876.

6. iv. Helen, born March 1, 1881, at Carthage, Mo.

## DINWIDDIE.

4. III. John Wilson Dinwiddie, born Oct. 1, 1813, who came with his father, Thomas Dinwiddie, to Porter county, Indiana, as early as 1836, (his grandfather David, known as David the Seventh, having been a pioneer settler in LaPorte county as early as 1832), was married Aug. 19,

1844, to Mary Janette Perkins who was born May 5, 1818, near Rome in Oneida county, N. Y., and who died March 15, 1888, at Plum Grove in Lake county, Indiana, her husband having died April 12, 1861, both buried in the Plum Grove Cemetery.

Children:

5. i. Oscar, born Sept. 2, 1845, near Joliet in Will county, Illinois.

5. ii. Jerome, born Feb. 7, 1848, in Crown Point, Lake county, Indiana.

5. iii. Augusta Elisabeth, born June 27, 1850, at Crown Point, died at Plum Grove, Sept. 27, 1855.

5. iv. Frances Rosalia, born May 9, 1852 at Crown Point.

5. v. vi. Henry and Mary, born Dec. 5, 1854, died Dec. 24, 1854.

5. vii. Edwin Willis, born Dec. 18, 1856, at Plum Grove.

5. viii. Mary Elisabeth, born at Plum Grove, July 18, 1859.

5. I. Oscar Dinwiddie was married Feb. 2, 1874, to Mary Joanna Robertson, daughter of Eli M. and Hannah (Bryant) Robertson, who was born Feb. 17, 1852.

Children:

6. i. Marion Elmer, born Nov. 18, 1874, at Plum Grove.

6. ii. Joseph Perkins, born Feb. 3, 1876.

6. iii. Belle Irene, born June 21, 1879.

6. iv. Edwin Lorraine, born Nov. 17, 1882.

6. v. Edith Janette, born June 9, 1884.

All born at Plum Grove.

Mr. O. Dinwiddie, mentioned in the "Editor's Note," is interested largely in farming, in farmers' institutes, and Granges, and has been an officer in the National Grange.

6. I. Marion Elmer Dinwiddie, was married April 20, 1898, to Edna Irene Groman, born Dec. 14, 1876, daughter of Henry and Henrietta Groman, of Crown Point, Ind.

Children:

7. i. Eleanor, born Aug. 10, 1899.

6. II. Joseph Perkins Dinwiddie was married Feb. 3, 1897, to Alice Shurte, of Lowell.

Children:

7. i. Lawrence Keith, born in 1897.

GORMLEY.

6. III. Belle Irene Dinwiddie was married to Forrest M. Gormley, at Crown Point, by Rev. T. H. Ball, Feb. 28, 1900.

DINWIDDIE.

5. II. Jerome Dinwiddie was married Dec. 27, 1871, to Mary M. Chapman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Chapman, of Yellowhead, Illinois.

Children:

6. i. John Abbott, born Dec. 1, 1872.

6. ii. Grace, born Dec. 25, 1874.

6. iii. Daisy, born July 28, 1878.

All born at Plum Grove.

Jerome Dinwiddie represented Lake county in the General Assembly of Indiana in 1894 and 1896. He is now a Government revenue officer.

6. I. John Abbott Dinwiddie, dentist at Lowell, Ind., was married Oct. 12, 1898, to Josephine Travers, of Valparaiso, who was born Sept. 14, 1874.

#### HOCHHALTER.

6. II. Grace Dinwiddie was married June 15, 1899, to John Hochhalter, of Attica, Indiana, who was born Oct. 24, 1868.

##### Daughter:

7. i. Mariam, born Sept. 23, 1900.

#### BROWNELL.

5. IV. Frances R. Dinwiddie was married Feb. 2, 1871, to Frank Earl Brownell, son of Dr. and Mrs. Alvah Brownell.

##### Children:

6. i. Jay Carlton, born April 8, 1872.
6. ii. Alice J., born Feb. 25, 1874.
6. iii. John Earl, born Dec. 5, 1875.
6. iv. Claude Bertrand, born March 5, 1877.
6. v. Catharine Alma, born Oct. 9, 1879.
6. vi. Guy Carlton, born May 21, 1881.
6. vii. Edwin Dinwiddie, born Sept. 26, 1885.
6. viii. Ruth Irene, born May 22, 1887.

6. ix. Alvah Lockwood, born Jan. 25, 1889. Died Oct. 11, 1889.

6. x. Walter Ezra, born March 3, 1891.

6. xi. Ralph Duane, born May 2, 1893.

All born at Plum Grove.

6. I. Jay Carlton Brownell was married to Addie Isetta Wallace, daughter of Lester Wallace, of Orchard Grove, Nov. 31, 1892. After her death April 20, 1894, he was married, Feb. 10, 1897, to Beatrice Clark, born Sept. 28, 1877, daughter of Joseph Clark, of Pleasant Grove.

Children:

7. i. Tossie Mabel, born April 11, 1894.

7. ii. Clark Earl, born Sept. 26, 1898, at Plum Grove.

7. iii. Harold Ward, born July 13, 1900.

#### SLOCOMB.

6. II. Alice J. Brownell was married at Lowell, Aug. 27, 1899, by Rev. T. H. Ball, to Howard Slocomb, of Lowell, born Jan. 21, 1877.

#### BROWNELL.

6. III. John Earl Brownell was married by Rev. T. H. Ball, at Crown Point, March 7, 1900, to Cora L. Kenney, daughter of George Kenney, of Orchard Grove.

Son:

7. I. Kenneth Verner, born Dec. 31, 1900.

6. IV. Claude Bertrand Brownell was married to Mary Blake, Sept. 21, 1898.

## HILL.

6. V. Catherine Alma Brownell was married Dec. 22, 1900, to Harry Hill, who was born July 4, 1881.

## DINWIDDIE.

5. VII. Edwin Willis Dinwiddie was married Oct. 22, 1884, to Candace Belshaw, daughter of Henry Belshaw, of West Creek township, and Polly (Smith) Belshaw.

## Children:

6. i. Infant son, born and died Nov. 6, 1885, in the Belshaw home south and west of Lowell.

6. ii. Cora May, born Jan. 16, 1887.

6. iii. Henry, born in Florida, Aug. 21, 1888.

6. iv. Herbert, born Feb. 7, 1890, died Sept. 17, 1890, at Plum Grove.

6. v. Mabel, born May 16, 1891.

6. vi. Mary, born Aug. 16, 1892.

6. vii. Edwin Wayne, born March 2, 1894, died April 11, 1896.

6. viii. Willetta, born July 11, 1897.

## NICHOLS.

5. VIII. Mary E. Dinwiddie was married Sept. 30, 1880, to Walter S. Nichols.

## Children:

6. i. John Bernard, born June 24, 1881.

6. ii. Harry Burton, born Aug. 7, 1883.

Both born near Orchard Grove, in Lake county, Ind.

Mrs. Mary (Dinwiddie) Nichols died at Lowell, Sept. 28, 1888. Burial in the Lowell Cemetery.

4. IV. David Dinwiddie married Elsie Hildreth, April 25, 1844.

Children:

- 5. i. James Turner, born May 13, 1845.
- 5. ii. Martha Levica, born Feb. 26, 1847.
- 5. iii. Harriet Amelia, born May 17, 1849.
- 5. iv. Joseph Milen, born Sept. 4, 1851.
- 5. v. Mary Ann, born Oct. 8, 1854.
- 5. vi. Eliza Elnora, born Dec. 1856, died January, 1861.

Mrs. Elsie Dinwiddie died Feb. 16, 1859, and her husband, David Dinwiddie, died April 16, 1871.

5. I. James T. Dinwiddie was married to Minnie H. Morris, Feb. 27, 1873.

Children:

- 6. i. Guy M., born Dec. 8, 1873.
- 6. ii. Ada J., born Jan. 24, 1876.
- 6. iii. Lenna L., born Jan. 20, 1878.

ZACHARY.

5. II. Martha L. Dinwiddie married Daniel L. Zachary, June 20, 1862.

Children:

- 6. i. Elmer, born Sept. 12, 1865.
- 6. ii. Eldredge, born June 21, 1869.
- 6. iii. Elsworth, born Oct. 1871.
- 6. iv. Elsy, born 1874.
- 6. v. Albert, born Dec. 12, 1876.



MRS. MARY ANN WILSON  
DINWIDDIE,  
Wife of Thomas Dinwiddie. 48.







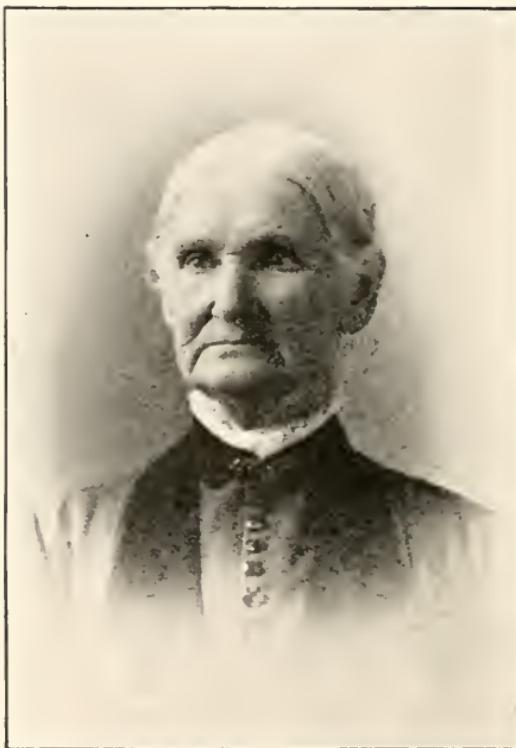
DAVID DINWIDDIE. 56.



MRS. ELSIE HILDRETH  
DINWIDDIE.







MRS. MARGARET J. DIN-  
WIDDIE PEARCE. 58.

5. III. Harriet A. Dinwiddie, who was born in Porter county, was married Nov. 1, 1866, to Thomas T. Foster.

Children:

6. i. Effie A., born Oct. 26, 1867, died March 23, 1872.
6. ii. Clare C., born July 11, 1869, born to Ada Dell Canter Dec. 9, 1900.
6. iii. Lulu M., born Oct. 13, 1871, died April 5, 1880.
6. iv. Sidney F., born Dec. 15, 1876.
6. v. Fred A., born Oct. 3, 1878.
6. vi. Delos L., born May 25, 1883.
6. vii. Mary E., born June 25, 1890.

5. IV. Joseph Milan Dinwiddie was married Dec. 2, 1884, to Laura Elinor King, born March 6, 1866.

Children:

6. i. Zora Elinor, born Nov. 16, 1887.
6. ii. Elsie Leonore, born Feb. 22, 1890.
6. iii. Lola Inez, born July 12, 1891, died Aug. 15, 1891.
6. iv. Doris Cecil, born April 8, 1893.
6. v. Rufus Milan, born Nov. 26, 1896.

MACY.

5. V. Mary A. Dinwiddie was married Aug. 28, 1871, to Clinton D. Macy.

Children:

6. i. Ivon M., born May 8, 1872.
6. ii. Milon Roy, born March 24, 1874.
6. iii. Charles, born April 23, 1876.

## PEARCE.

4. V. Margaret Jane Dinwiddie was married Nov. 1840 to Michael Pearce who was born in Ohio Feb. 20, 1808, and who died April 4, 1861. Mrs. Pearce died Aug. 8, 1894. The burial place of both is near Hebron, in Porter county, Indiana. Their home was in Lake county, east of Plum Grove. (Margaret J. Dinwiddie had in the pioneer days of Porter and Lake counties some experiences with the then resident Indians. For some of these see "North-Western Indiana," page 71).

## Children:

5. i. John, born Jan. 11, 1842.
5. ii. Harriet A., born March 27, 1843.
5. iii. Nancy Ann, born July 14, 1844.
5. iv. Mary Janette, born Dec. 17, 1845.
5. v. Loretta, born April 24, 1847, died Aug. 4, 1849.
5. vi. Susannah, born July 31, 1849.
5. vii. George, born June 7, 1851, died Nov. 10, 1851.
5. viii. Seth L., born July 29, 1854.
5. ix. Ellen, born July 29, 1854, died March 18, 1855.
5. x. Thomas, born Feb. 23, 1858.

All born at the Lake county home in Eagle Creek township.

5. I. John Pearce and Lizzie V. Foster of Crown Point were married at Crown Point by Rev. T. H. Ball, Sept. 9, 1867.

Children:

6. i. Florence, born July 23, 1868.

6. ii. Kittie, born —, died —.

6. iii. Fred, born —, died —.

Their names are here, their dust in the cemetery, but they are with the angels.

6. iv. Jay Michael, born Aug. 20, 1874.

6. v. Anna A., born Sept. 19, 1886, and adopted by J. and L. Pearce.

ROSS.

6. I. Florence Pearce was married to Thomas Ross March 25, 1896.

Son:

7. i. Paul Pearce, —.

PEARCE.

6. IV. Jay M. Pearce was married May 20, 1897, to Margaret Miller, born March 13, 1877.

Daughter:

7. i. Hannah Elizabeth, born Nov. 20, 1898.

## BRYANT.

5. H. Harriet A. Pearce was married to Isaac Bryant Dec. 1, 1863.

## Children:

6. i. Samuel Edwin, born April 14, 1865.  
 6. ii. John Pearce, born Dec. 29, 1866, died Aug. 8, 1868.  
 6. iii. Margaret J., born Jan. 8, 1869, died Aug. 17, 1870.  
 6. iv. Bertha, born July 6, 1870.  
 6. v. Jessie M., born Aug. 19, 1873.  
 6. vi. Blanche E., born Aug. 3, 1878.  
 6. I. Samuel E. Bryant married May 8, 1890, Martha Ellen Wheeler who was born Aug. 8, 1869.

## Children:

7. i. Alice Alvira, born March 4, 1891.  
 7. ii. Clara May, born May 20, 1892.  
 7. iii. Christopher Wheeler, born Nov. 28, 1893.  
 7. iv. Lela Marie, born March 31, 1897.  
 7. v. Ruth, born Sept. 4, 1900.

## GEORGE.

6. IV. Bertha Bryant was married in 1891, to Henry George of South East Grove who died Jan. 24, 1894.

## Children:

7. i. Grace May, born Dec. 24, 1891.

7. ii. Effie, born in 1893, died Sept. 27, 1893.

7. iii. Helen Louise, born Aug. 14, 1894.

### CHILDS.

6. VI. Blanche Bryant was married May 1, 1897, to Charles Childs.

### SERVIS.

5. III. Nancy A. Pearce was married to Orlando V. Servis, who was born Sept. 12, 1843, March 29, 1870.

#### Children:

6. i. Infant son, born and died July 20, 1874.

6. ii. May B., born Oct. 9, 1876.

### BUCHANAN.

5. IV. Mary J. Pearce was married to William T. Buchanan who was born Feb. 23, 1850, March 21, 1872.

#### Children:

6. i. Albert Dale, born May 4, 1873.

6. ii. Margaret R., born July 13, 1874.

6. iii. Ina V., born Sept. 24, 1883.

### BUCHANAN.

6. I. Albert D. Buchanan went to Hobart, Indiana, Dec. 3, 1895. Became a druggist. Was married Dec. 25, 1897, to Eva Jory of Hobart, who was born in August, 1877.

## Children:

7. i. Lloyd Jory, born Sept. 27, 1898.  
 7. ii. Annette, born Sept. 6, 1900.

## STAHL.

5. VI. Susannah Pearce married George Henry Stahl who was born March 2, 1849, Jan. 29, 1878.

## Children:

6. i. Margaret M., born Nov. 19, 1882.  
 6. ii. Luther Ray, born Sept. 11, 1886.

## PEARCE.

5. VIII. Seth L. Pearce was married March 16, 1886, to Sarah Patterson who was born July 15, 1859.

## Daughter:

6. i. Margaret E., born March 6, 1887.

5. X. Thomas Pearce and Mary J. Turner were married March 13, 1883.

## Children:

6. i. J. Murray, born Oct. 5, 1888.  
 6. ii. Myrtle May, born Sept. 12, 1891.  
 6. iii. Edna E., born Aug. 21, 1893.

NOTE. Rev. J. N. Buchanan of Hebron has, for the most part, attended the marriage gatherings and funeral services of the large Pearce family, as with other families

whose membership has been largely with the United Presbyterian church.

The members of this large Pearce family, three sons and four daughters, are engaged in farming; one of the three, John Pearce, is a noted raiser of Poland-China hogs.

4. VI. Eliza Ann Dinwiddie married John S. McAlpin March 5, 1842, and died April 7, 1893. No children.

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4. VII. Descendants of Mary Dinwiddie.

WILSON.

4. VII. Mary Dinwiddie was married to James H. Wilson Sept. 8, 1842.

Children:

5. i. Robert Wrenesick, born Jan. 15, 1844, near Hebron. Died Dec. 1, 1847.

5. ii. Mary Amanda, born near Hebron June 15, 1846.

5. iii. Rebecca Ann, born Sept. 11, 1847.

5. iv. James Milton, born Oct. 7, 1850.

5. v. Thomas Jay, born Oct. 21, 1852.

Up to this time the Wilson children were all born near Hebron; the other four were born near Halsey in Oregon to which place the family removed in 1853, going with ox teams. They were on the road seven months, a journey which can now be made on the cars in less than seven days.

- 5. vi. Leonard Ray, born July 13, 1855.
- 5. vii. Samuel Edwin, born Nov. 29, 1857, died Oct. 21, 1858.
- 5. viii. Oscar Herman, born Sept. 7, 1859.
- 5. ix. Luella Augusta, born March 2, 1863, died March 5, 1871.

## MARKS.

5. II. Mary Amanda Wilson was married to Matthew Mead Marks Sept. 25, 1864.

## Children:

- 6. i. Myra Estella, born July 1, 1865.
- 6. ii. Clara May, born May 27, 1867, died May 19, 1888.
- 6. iii. Mary Olive, born Oct 14, 1869.
- 6. iv. Francis Evart, born Feb. 7, 1871, married June 6, 1900, to Lillian C. Baldger.
- 6. v. Clyde Wilson, born March 22, 1873.
- 9. vi. Hallie Luella, born Sept. 13, 1874.
- 6. vii. Ivan Blanchard, born June 30, 1876.
- 6. viii. Grace Ellen, born Aug. 24, 1878.
- 6. ix. Florence Amanda, born Oct. 25, 1879.

## COOPER.

5. III. Rebecca Ann Wilson was married July 15, 1874, to David Morrow Cooper.



JOHN S. McALPIN AND WIFE,  
ELIZA ANN DINWIDDIE McALPIN.  
63.

64-65.







JAMES H. WILSON. 63.



MRS. MARY DINWIDDIE  
WILSON. 63.







## Children:

6. i. Charles Franklin, born Aug. 16, 1875.
6. ii. James Edgar, born Feb. 24, 1877.
6. iii. Mary Lenore, born May 17, 1878.
6. iv. Ralph Foreman, born Dec. 8, 1880.
6. v. Florence Mildred, born March 20, 1882.

## WILSON.

5. IV. James Milton Wilson, married Mary Susan Kirk, Nov. 21, 1878.

## Children:

6. i. Lura Velnettie, born Jan. 31, 1880.
6. ii. Arthur Hubert, born Nov. 12, 1882.
6. iii. Ella May, born July 22, 1889.

The father, James M. Wilson, died Aug. 26, 1895, and the mother, Sept. 6, 1895. Their death was caused by a runaway team.

5. V. Thomas Jay Wilson was married to Hattie A. Richards, March 14, 1894.

## Children:

6. i. Ruby E., born Jan. 20, 1895.
6. ii. Ethel Rebecca, born Aug. 6, 1896.
6. iii. Nettie P., born July 30, 1898.
6. iv. Nellie, born June 19, 1901.

5. VI. Leonard Ray Wilson was married to Anna Cox, Dec. 31, 1878.

## Children:

6. i. Blanche Ellen, born Dec. 28, 1879.
6. ii. Mary Bula, born Dec. 30, 1880.
6. iii. Bessie Alma, born May 20, 1883.
6. iv. Vera May, born July 7, 1885.
6. v. Bertha E., born Nov. 15, 1896, died Dec. 2, 1897.

## SMILEY.

6. III. Mary Olive Marks was married to P. J. Smiley, June 15, 1892.

## Daughter:

7. i. Mabel Virginia, born Sept. 26, 1893.

Two of these named above, Francis Evart Marks, and Ivan Blanchard Marks, reside in Buffalo, N. Y.

Mrs. Rebecca Ann Cooper's home is at Albany in Oregon, T. Jay Wilson's at Brownsville, and Leonard R. Wilson's at Shedd, both in Oregon. Mr. Oscar H. Wilson is still at Halsey in Oregon.

## McALPIN.

4. VIII. Sarah Ann Dinwiddie married Joseph L. McAlpin, Oct. 12, 1848.

## Children:

5. i. Mary Loretta, born near Hebron, Nov. 27, 1849.
5. ii. Angeline Augusta, born Feb. 12, 1851.
5. iii. Eliza Jane, born Feb. 1, 1854.
5. iv. Susannah Isabella, born July 19, 1856.

5. v. Margaret Ann, born Dec. 8, 1857.  
 5. vi. Joseph Dinwiddie, born Oct. 31, 1863.  
 5. vii. viii. ix. Emma, John Spencer, James Patterson, died in infancy.

Mrs. Sarah A. McAlpin died Nov. 17, 1863.

5. I. Mary L. McAlpin married John C. McAlpin, Oct. 1, 1867.

Children:

6. i. Flora Bell, born May 17, 1868.  
 6. ii. Ora May, born Aug. 14, 1869, died Aug. 20, 1870.  
 6. iii. Sarah Margaret, born Jan. 13, 1871.  
 6. iv. Josie Robertha, born Feb. 21, 1873.  
 6. v. Sylvia Maude, born Nov. 12, 1874.  
 6. vi. Kittie Hayes, born Sept. 20, 1876.  
 6. vii. Otto Little, born July 18, 1878, died Dec. 31, 1878.  
 6. viii. Artie Leroy, born Feb. 15, 1881.  
 6. ix. Ethel, born June 20, 1884, died July 2, 1884.

HOSHAW.

6. III. Sarah Margaret McAlpin was married to Philip E. Hoshaw, Dec. 15, 1894.

Children:

7. i. Carrol Margaret, born March 27, 1896.

FICKLE.

6. IV. Josie Robertha McAlpin was married by Rev.

McKenzie at 7:30 Wednesday evening, June 22, 1898, to David B. Fickle.

7. i. Daughter, born July 22, died July 29, 1899.

#### DOWELL.

6. VI. Kittie Hayes McAlpin was married to Ed. C. Dowell, Oct. 2, 1897.

##### Children:

7. i. Donald Devere, born April 19, 1898.

7. ii. Rhoda Margaret, born Nov. 20, 1900.

#### DAVIS.

5. II. Angeline Augusta McAlpin was married to Everett Davis, Dec. 25, 1871.

##### Daughter:

6. i. Lottie A., born June 3, 1873.

#### BAGLEY.

6. I. Lottie A. Davis was married by Rev. McKenzie, in Hebron, to E. O. Bagley, June 15, 1898.

##### Children:

7. i. Helen Gladys, born Aug. 22, 1899.

7. ii. Bernice Matilda, born Oct. 12, 1900.

## GIDLEY.

5. III. Eliza Jane McAlpin was married to John A. Gidley Dec. 3, 1873.

## Children:

6. i. Mary, born Nov. 29, 1875.
6. ii. Sarah, born Nov. 29, 1875.
6. iii. Florence, born Sept. 14, 1880.
6. iv. Henry Jay, born July, 11, 1882.
6. v. Stella, born June 19, 1885.

## SWENEY.

6. I. Mary Gidley was married to Earl T. Sweeney, June 27, 1894.

## CHILDS.

6. II. Sarah Gidley was married to Otis T. Childs, who was born Oct. 26, 1873, Jan. 19, 1898.

## NICHOLS.

5. V. Margaret Ann McAlpin was married Sept. 22, 1880, to Cassius W. Nichols. She died Feb. 6, 1898.

## Children:

6. i. George H., born July 12, 1881.
6. ii. Ethel R., born Sept. 19, 1883.

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5. VI. Joseph D. McAlpin was married to Nettie Doty, (born Jan. 14, 1864) Nov. 29, 1883.

## DINWIDDIE.

4. IX. Thomas Patterson Dinwiddie was married to Martha M. Henderson Jan. 1, 1858.

## Children:

5. i. Austria Eliza, born in Oregon Oct. 25, 1858.
5. ii. Elvirona Maggie, born Nov. 9, 1860.
5. iii. Emma Iril, born Jan. 23, 1865.
5. iv. Claudie Homer, born Sept. 10, 1868.
5. v. Iro Elmer, born March 12, 1870.
5. vi. Orvil Robert, born March 12, 1870.
5. vii. Mary Lizzie Juno, born July 28, 1875.

4. X. Harriet Ann Dinwiddie.

Died in childhood, June 8, 1837.

These ten complete the record of the children of Thomas Dinwiddie.

3. V. Of Susannah Dinwiddie no descendants.

3. VI. Descendants of David Dinwiddie 7th.

3. VI. David Dinwiddie the Seventh, born Jan. 17, 1792, was married Oct. 31, 1816, to Mary Windle, daughter of Francis Windle and Mrs. Eleanor (Holt) Windle. He was a pioneer in LaPorte county and died at LaPorte Sept. 17, 1838.

It may be inserted fittingly here that David Dinwiddie, called the Fifth, died near Gettysburg in Pennsylvania, and David Dinwiddie, called the Sixth, died in Ohio.

The first four Davids probably died in the province of Ulster among the thousands there of those devoted Protestants known as the Scotch-Irish.

Coming westward from LaPorte county into Porter and into the eastern part of Lake county, are found in 1836 as pioneers Thomas Dinwiddie and two sons, John W. and David Dinwiddie, and with them were other members of the spreading Dinwiddie family.

In "North-Western Indiana," page 190, a mention will be found of David Dinwiddie, a pioneer in LaPorte county, ordained Elder in 1833.

#### Children:

4. i. Eleanor H., born Jan. 11, 1818. Married June 6, 1837, to Matthew L. Walker, by Rev. Wm. K. Marshal, who was Presbyterian pastor at LaPorte from 1837 to Oct. 1844. She had two children, Homer B., born July 21, 1842, and Mary J., born Aug. 3, 1844. Mrs. Walker died Jan. 31, 1847.

4. ii. Susannah P., born Feb. 6, 1820, died Feb. 24, 1822.

4. iii. John, born April 15, 1822, was married Oct. 20, 1853, by Rev. J. N. Buchanan, to Rhoda Wallace of South East Grove in Lake county. Died Jan. 7, 1890. Their children were:

5. i. Emma Francis, born April 23, 1857, died Aug. 4, 1862.

5. ii. John Wallace, born Sept. 18, 1858, died Sept. 12, 1859.

5. iii. Mary Ella, born July 2, 1862.

4. iv. Susannah P., born Sept. 24, 1824, died May 11, 1825.

[It seems to have been quite a custom in these families as in other old families, to name a child after a brother or sister who had died.]

4. v. Margaret J., born March 5, 1826, married by the Rev. K. Marshall, Aug. 27, 1844, to Wm. C. Nelson, died Feb. 27, 1852.

4. vi. David the Eighth, born Oct. 8, 1828, died Nov. 28, 1850.

4. vii. Frances W., born May 16, 1831, died Aug. 29, 1852.

4. viii. Martha Edgel Burnside, born in LaPorte county Aug. 31, 1833, died May 7, 1835.

4. ix. Mary Etta, born April 26, 1836, died March 22, 1852.

4. x. William, born July 10, 1838, died Jan. 24, 1839.

The descendants of this David are few bearing the Dinwiddie name.

The following came too late for insertion on page 70.

5. I. Austria E. Dinwiddie was married June 10, 1885, to Nelson ——, born March 22, 1841.

Children: Ruby, born July 5, 1886, died Feb. 4, 1887; Orvill, b. Nov. 18, 1887; Glen, b. May 11, 1891.

5. IV. Claud H. Dinwiddie was married to Ida May McKinney Jan. 26, 1893.

Children: Charles Merrill, born Jan. 2, 1894; Vernetta Pearl and Vern McKinley, b. June 9, 1895; Beulah and Ulah, b. Oct. 31, 1898; Irene, b. Oct. 4, 1900.



THOMAS PATTERSON  
DINWIDDIE. 70.  
72-73 (1)







JOSEPH L. McALPIN. 66.



MRS. SARAH DINWIDDIE  
McALPIN. 66.







DAVID DINWIDDIE, 7th, 70.  
From an old style profile.



MRS. MARY WINDLE  
DINWIDDIE. 70.

72-73 (2)







DAVID D. DILLEY. 74.



MRS. ADELINE THANKFUL  
ELLITHORPE DILLEY. 74.







3. VII. DESCENDANTS OF MARY M.  
DINWIDDIE.

## DILLEY.

3. VII. Mary M. Dinwiddie was married to Jonathan Dilley (probably) in 1823. Exact date not at hand.

## Son:

4. I. David D. Dilley was born Jan. 28, 1825, was married in 1848 to Adeline Thankful Ellithorpe, who was born June 15, 1830.

## Children:

- 5. i. William D., born Oct. 17, 1849.
- 5. ii. Samuel Edwin, born Nov. 9, 1851.
- 5. iii. James Buchanan, born March 10, 1853.
- 5. iv. Eudora, born Oct. 31, 1856.
- 5. v. John McAlpin, born July 5, 1857.
- 5. vi. Susan Alice, born July 18, 1858.
- 5. vii. Mary Eliza, born June 5, 1860.
- 5. viii. David Turner, born Feb. 25, 1862.
- 5. ix. Thomas Jefferson, born Nov. 19, 1864.
- 5. x. Jennie, born Oct. 31, 1865.
- 5. xi. George Newell, born Aug. 21, 1867, died Nov. 30, 1896.
- 5. xii. Addie, born Aug. 20, 1869.
- 5. xiii. Emma, born Aug. 14, 1871.
  
- 5. I. William D. Dilley was married to Susan Ludy, June 5, 1872. She died Oct. 28, 1876. Married again, March 14, 1883, to Harriet Ella Frye, who was born July 27, 1864.

## Children:

6. i. Ernest E., born Oct. 24, 1875.
6. ii. Fred M., born Dec. 24, 1883.

5. II. Samuel E. Dilley was married March 5, 1879, to Mary V. Stoner who was born Sept. 23, 1858. No record of children.

5. III. James B. Dilley was married Oct. 21, 1875, to Mary R. Tannehill, who was born July 27, 1857.

## Children:

6. i. Clark David Dilley, born Oct. 8, 1876, was married Dec. 28, 1898, to Nanna M. McKnight, who was born Feb. 17, 1877.

6. ii. Tony Charles Wilbur Dilley, born Nov. 15, 1878, was married June 10, 1898 to Pearl Prevo.

## BRYANT.

5. IV. Eudora Dilley was married Oct. 15, 1878, to Charles Bryant, who was born March 22, 1858.

## Children:

6. i. Floyd, born July 31, 1880.
6. ii. Ray, born March 8, 1883.
6. iii. Charles Roy. born Aug. 25, 1885, died Sept. 25, 1886.
6. iv. Earl, born March 24, 1889.
6. v. William Sterling, born Aug. 1, 1892, died Feb. 26, 1893.
6. vi. Mary Adaline, born Aug. 9, 1895.

## DILLEY.

5. V. John McAlpin Dilley and Capitola Merriss, who was born Dec. 13, 1868, were married Sept. 13, 1883.

## Children:

6. i. Edna V., born July 24, 1890.
6. ii. Kenneth J., born June 19, 1892.
6. iii. Vera Leona, born March 13, 1894.
6. iv. Vanchie Fayette, born Oct. 19, 1895.
6. v. Loren George, born Feb. 25, died Oct. 17, 1897.
6. vi. A daughter, born June 24, died July 27, 1899.

## LEROY.

5. VI. Susan A. Dilley was married to Will Leroy, Nov. 1, 1883, and died Oct. 17, 1897.

## Daughter:

6. i. Goldie L., born March 3, 1886.

5. VII. Mary Eliza Dilley married George Leroy, Nov. 14, 1888.

## Children:

6. i. Edith M., born Feb. 2, 1890.
6. ii. Claude, born July 6, 1892.
6. iii. Vina Dell, born March 29, 1895.

## DILLEY.

5. VIII. David T. Dilley was married Jan. 19, 1887, to Ida May Temple, who was born May 7, 1871.

## Children:

6. i. Mabel St. Clair, born Oct. 3, 1887, died Feb. 11, 1888.

6. ii. Jessie Janetta, born Feb. 17, 1889.

6. iii. Marian, born Feb. 22, 1891.

6. iv. Frances, born Sept. 5, 1894.

6. v. Adaline, born July 21, 1898.

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5. IX. Thomas J. Dilley was married to Gertie Brey, July 10, 1884.

## Son:

6. i. Willie A., born Aug. 26, 1885.

Mrs. Dilley died April 12, 1887.

## BERDINE.

5. X. Jennie Dilley was married Sept. 13, 1883, to Willis Berdine, who was born July 10, 1862.

## KINZIE.

5. XII. Adaline, married to John Kinzie, Oct. 20, 1887, died Sept. 3, 1888.

## NICHOLS.

5. XIII. Emma, married to Andrew Nichols, (who was born Nov. 14, 1865) Aug. 14, 1888.

## 3. VIII. DESCENDANTS OF WILLIAM DINWIDDIE.

3. VIII. Dr. William Dinwiddie was married to Martha Burnside in 1824.

## Children:

4. i. Eudora, born Nov. 11, 1833.
4. ii. William A., born at LaPorte, Aug. 26, 1839.
4. iii. Martha E., born Nov. 18, 1842.

## SMITH.

4. I. Eudora Dinwiddie was married to Robert A. Smith, at Newton, Iowa, Nov. 28, 1855. Witnesses: William Dinwiddie and Luther Black.

## Children:

5. i. Charles C., born May 7, 1857.
5. ii. Harriet M., born Jan. 1, 1859.
5. iii. William Burr, born Oct. 24, 1860.
5. iv. Helen M., born Nov. 26, 1862.
5. v. Fred B., born Dec. 24, 1864.

Robert A. Smith was a native of Vermont. Married in Iowa. Now living in South Dakota. Some of the children above named are married. Record not at hand.

4. II. William A. Dinwiddie was married at Freeport, Illinois, to Miss Hattie Guiteau, Dec. 28, 1865. She died June 12, 1872.

## Son:

5. i. William, born Aug. 28, 1867.

Of his wife and children no record has been obtained. Their home seems to be in Washington, D. C.

William Dinwiddie was war correspondent for Harper's Weekly in the Cuban War and in regard to the Boer War in South Africa. He has written an interesting book on Puerto Rico. In 1899 he was in Manila writing for Harper and the New York Herald. His father wrote to O. Dinwiddie, Sept. 14, 1899, "He will be glad to hear from you and of the doings of the 'Clan'."

4. II. W. A. Dinwiddie was married, a second time, in Washington, D. C., Feb. 27, 1878. The following notice was published at the time.

"Lieut. W. A. Dinwiddie, U. S. A., was united in wedlock with Miss Ella Kilpatrick, daughter of Judge Kilpatrick, Chief of the Swamp Land Division, General Land Office."

The wedding was called "brilliant," even for Washington, over fifty distinguished society people being named in the published account as having been present. At the time of this marriage Lieutenant Dinwiddie was stationed at Champaign, Illinois, "as professor of military science in the Illinois Industrial University."

Daughter:

5. ii. Daisy Dinwiddie, attending school in 1900.

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Although it may pass beyond the time limit of most of

the records in this book, the following brief memorial seems to be justly due of W. A. Dinwiddie, whom Mrs. Ella K. Dinwiddie, in a recent letter, calls "one of the best men that ever lived."

He was educated in the public schools of Northern Indiana. He graduated as a physician in Philadelphia in 1860, but preferred a military life.

In 1862 he entered the U. S. Army as a member of the noted 22d Iowa Infantry. After the war closed he entered the regular army. He was for twenty years Second and then First Lieutenant, from 1866 to 1886, when he was retired on account of injuries received in frontier duty. Although on the retired list he was still detailed to do duty as a military instructor and was promoted to the rank of Major.

After leaving Champaign he was detailed to the Iowa Wesleyan University from 1887 to 1891, and then to the Iowa State Normal School where he was Commandant of the military department till "relieved because of illness, September, 1901." He died Nov. 4, 1901. The following are some extracts from the published account of the "Funeral of Major Dinwiddie."

"At one o'clock yesterday the immediate friends of Major and Mrs. Dinwiddie and the honorary pallbearers, representing the business interests of Cedar Falls, gathered at the family residence \*\* to accompany Mrs. Dinwiddie and the son and daughter to the Normal Auditorium, where the services were held. \*\*\* Six of the Nor-

mal cadets were bearers. \* \* \* The casket was of the army gray broadcloth, covered with a wealth of beautiful flowers. The spacious Auditorium was elaborately draped with flags and the national colors. The seating capacity is about two thousand and the room was filled with the students, faculty, friends, citizens, and members of the G. A. R., who assembled to do honor to the soldier who for ten years had made his home with us." \* \* \* "After the closing prayer \* \* the procession started for Fairview Cemetery, escorted by Major Olmsted and his cadets and the Normal band. At the cemetery three volleys were fired over the grave, the last bugle sounded, and the impressive services were ended. The Major's fine black horse, Belmont, with his empty saddle and reversed stirrup, was led behind the hearse."

("And after him lead his masterless steed,  
While peals the minute gun.")

"His 'Cadets,' scattered all over the world, will mourn when they learn that his duties are done, his arms laid down, and his saddle forever empty.

#### SMITH.

4. III. Martha E. Dinwiddie was married to George E. Smith, (who was born March 18, 1835,) Oct. 31, 1865.

Children:

5. i. Gurden William, born June 29, 1866, died Dec. 20, 1866.

- 5. ii. Minnie Maria, born Aug. 16, 1867.
- 5. iii. Frank A., born April 30, 1869.
- 5. iv. Dora Dell, born April 30, 1871.
- 5. v. Celia Ames, born Nov. 9, 1872, died Oct. 27, 1873.
- 5. vi. Charles Lee, born Nov. 15, 1874.
- 5. vii. Bertha Ames, born Dec. 1, 1876.
- 5. viii. Fred Emmerson, born March 30, 1878.
- 5. ix. William Burnside, born July 3, 1879.
- 5. x. Robert Alden, born March 25, 1881.
- 5. xi. Gurden Burr, born May 23, 1883.
- 5. xii. Harry Leonard, born April 7, 1885.
- 5. xiii. Carrie May born July 20, 1889.

#### POTTER.

- 5. II. Minnie Maria Smith married Rev. Platt I. Potter, Jan. 3, 1888.

#### Children:

- 6. i. George Sidney, born Oct. 17, 1888.
- 6. ii. Julia Edghill, Feb. 1, 1890.
- 6. iii. Clark B., Oct. 3, 1891.
- 6. iv. Francis Willard, born Nov. 22, 1893.
- 6. v. Alta Marie, born April 2, 1898.
- 6. vi. Charles Wesley, May, 1901.

#### WILLIAMSON.

- 5. VII. Bertha Ames Smith married June 26, 1901, to Albert Williamson.
- 3. IX. Descendants of Margaret Dinwiddie.

3. IX. Margaret Dinwiddie was married to Jacob Armitage, probably about 1822. She died May 13, 1832.

Children:

4. i. John, born ——
4. ii. Eliza Jane, born ——
4. iii. David, born ——

David Armitage enlisted in the noted 9th Regiment of Indiana Volunteers and was killed at Shiloh.

We now return to the other descendants of David, the Fifth.

2. V. James Dinwiddie died in childhood.

2. VI. Sarah Dinwiddie, married to Samuel Cross, died in 1815. In the will of David Dinwiddie is mentioned his grandson David Cross no doubt her son.

## 2. VII. DESCENDANTS OF HUGH DINWIDDIE.

2. VII. Hugh Dinwiddie was married Nov. 22, 1792, to Margaret Morrow, a sister of Gov. Morrow of Ohio. He died March 21, 1825 and his wife Dec. 1, 1848.

Children:

3. i. Mary, born Jan. 17, 1794.
3. ii. David, born Feb. or Sept. 13, 1796.
3. iii. John, born March 18, 1798.
3. iv. Hugh, born June 6, 1802.
3. v. Jane M., born Dec. 20, 1804.

3. vi. Margaret, born May 7, 1808.

3. vii. Sarah, born May 8, 1810.

3. viii. Hugh D., born Oct. 6, 1812.

### ESPY.

3. I. Mary Dinwiddie married John Espy, March 3, 1814.

#### Children:

4. i. Elmira J., born March 2, 1815. Married William Clugstone.

4. ii. Margaret, born Dec. 17, 1816. Married —— Thompson.

4. iii. George L., born May, 1819. Married Mariah ——.

### DINWIDDIE.

3. II. David Dinwiddie, born at Gettysburg, was married at Hebron, Indiana, Dec. 22, 1842, to Catherine E. Crossman (born in 1820) and died June 9, 1867 in Hebron. His wife died July 12, 1880.

#### Children:

4. i. John Calvin, born April 4, died June 30, 1844.

4. ii. Infant daughter, born and died Aug. 27, 1846.

4. iii. Mary J., born July 22, 1852 in Hebron.

### BROOKS.

4. III. Mary J. Dinwiddie was married in Valparaiso by Rev. Boyd, M. E. pastor, Dec. 31, 1868, to Lyman Brooks, who was born in Kankakee, Ill., Dec. 9, 1846.

## Children:

5. i. Ora E., born Jan. 4, 1870, died Aug. 26, 1870.
5. ii. Emma, born Jan. 8, 1872.
5. iii. Homer, born Dec. 12, 1874.
5. iv. Hester, born March 30, 1877.
5. v. Annie May, born May 2, died Oct. 14, 1878.
5. vi. William D., born Nov. 13, 1882, died July 28, 1884.

All born in Hebron.

## STANWAITY.

5. II. Emma Brooks was married Aug. 27, 1889, to John Stanwaity in Peru, Kansas.

## Children:

6. i. Mary, born June 19, 1894.
6. ii. Hope, born June 18, 1896.

Now living at Lamar, Missouri.

## DINWIDDIE.

3. III. John Dinwiddie died Oct. 26, 1877. No record of children at hand.

3. IV. Hugh Dinwiddie. No record of death or of children given.

3. V. Jane M. Dinwiddie was married March 21, 1827, to William Cox, who died July 18, (probably) 1828, leaving one child.

4. i. —— Cox, born Jan. 8, 1828. Mrs. Cox afterward married J. M. Campbell, who died Nov. 13, 1877.

## SWEENEY.

3. VI. Margaret Dinwiddie, born at Gettysburg, May 8, 1810, having become a resident of Ohio in 1825, was married Nov. 25, 1835 to Thomas C. Sweeney, who was born at Chambersburg, Aug. 7, 1807, removed to Ohio in 1823, and to Hebron, Indiana, in 1837. He was for several years county surveyor of Crawford county, Ohio, and for a long time official surveyor of Porter county, Indiana. He was a life long Presbyterian and his wife a United Presbyterian. He died May 10, 1886, and his wife Nov. 19, 1874.

## Children:

4. i. William E., born in Bucyrus, Ohio, Aug. 6, 1837.
4. ii. John Miller, born Feb. 14, 1840. Died July 7, 1898. Burial services conducted by Rev. J. N. Buchanan.
4. iii. Hugh, born Oct. 4, 1848.

4. I. William E. Sweeney, "a graduate of Indiana University in the class of 1859," adopting civil engineering as a profession, county surveyor of Porter county, Indiana, for two terms, was married Aug. 11, 1866, to Sarah A. Gidley, born Jan. 7, 1847, died Jan. 16, 1871. July 22, 1872, he was married to Celiste M. Hurst, who was born July 5, 1843, in Missouri, at Beardstown. To these were given a daughter.

5. i. Margaret Mildred was born April 7, 1875, and was married Dec. 29, 1897, to William A. Hamilton, a graduate of the Indiana University, by profession a teacher.

NOTE. The oldest representative of Hugh Dinwiddie of Gettysburg, where his mother was born, himself born in Ohio, Mr. W. E. Sweney, having been nearly all of his life a continuous resident in Porter county, has been for many years engaged at Hebron "in the mercantile and shipping trade," dealing in lumber, agricultural implements, and hay, and has taken a large interest in the arrangements for this book, and in the progress of the "Dinwiddie Clan." It has been stated in another connection that he proposed the name. Surely some Scotch blood has come down to him.

T. H. B.

4. II. John M. Sweney was married by Rev. J. N. Buchanan, Sept. 17, 1867, to Nancy J. Allen, born July 13, 1847, a daughter of George W. Allen.

Children:

5. i. Infant son born and died Aug. 1, 1868.

5. ii. Earl T., born Aug. 21, 1869, married June 27, 1894.

5. iii. George M. born March 30, 1871, married Sept. 20, 1893, to Florence J. Frye.

5. iv. v. Infant twins, born and died April 5, 1875.

5. vi. Charles W., born Jan. 5, 1877.

5. vii. Miner H., born Feb. 2, 1881.

5. viii. Mary M., born March 2, 1889.

5. II. Earl T. Sweney was married to Mary Gidley June 27, 1894.

4. III. Hugh D. Sweeney, born Oct. 4, 1848, was married Aug. 4, 1875 to Hannah A. Skinkle who was born March 6, 1852.

Children:

5. i. Sadie J., born March 18, 1880.

5. ii. Carlton H., born Sept. 20, 1884.

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3. VII. VIII. Of Sarah Dinwiddie and of Hugh D. Dinwiddie, born in 1810 and 1812, no record of children or of marriage is at hand.

Other descendants of David the Fifth.

2. VIII. William Dinwiddie, born March 7, 1768, was married to Hannah ——

Children:

3. i. Jean, ii James, iii David.

These, according to the Will the oldest three.

2. IX. Of Nancy Dinwiddie, born in 1784 no descendants traced.

2. X. Elisabeth Dinwiddie, born 1787, was married in August, 1805, to William Wilson. Her descendants not traced.

NOTE. The lines that have been specially followed out in this book are of those who came into Northern Indiana.









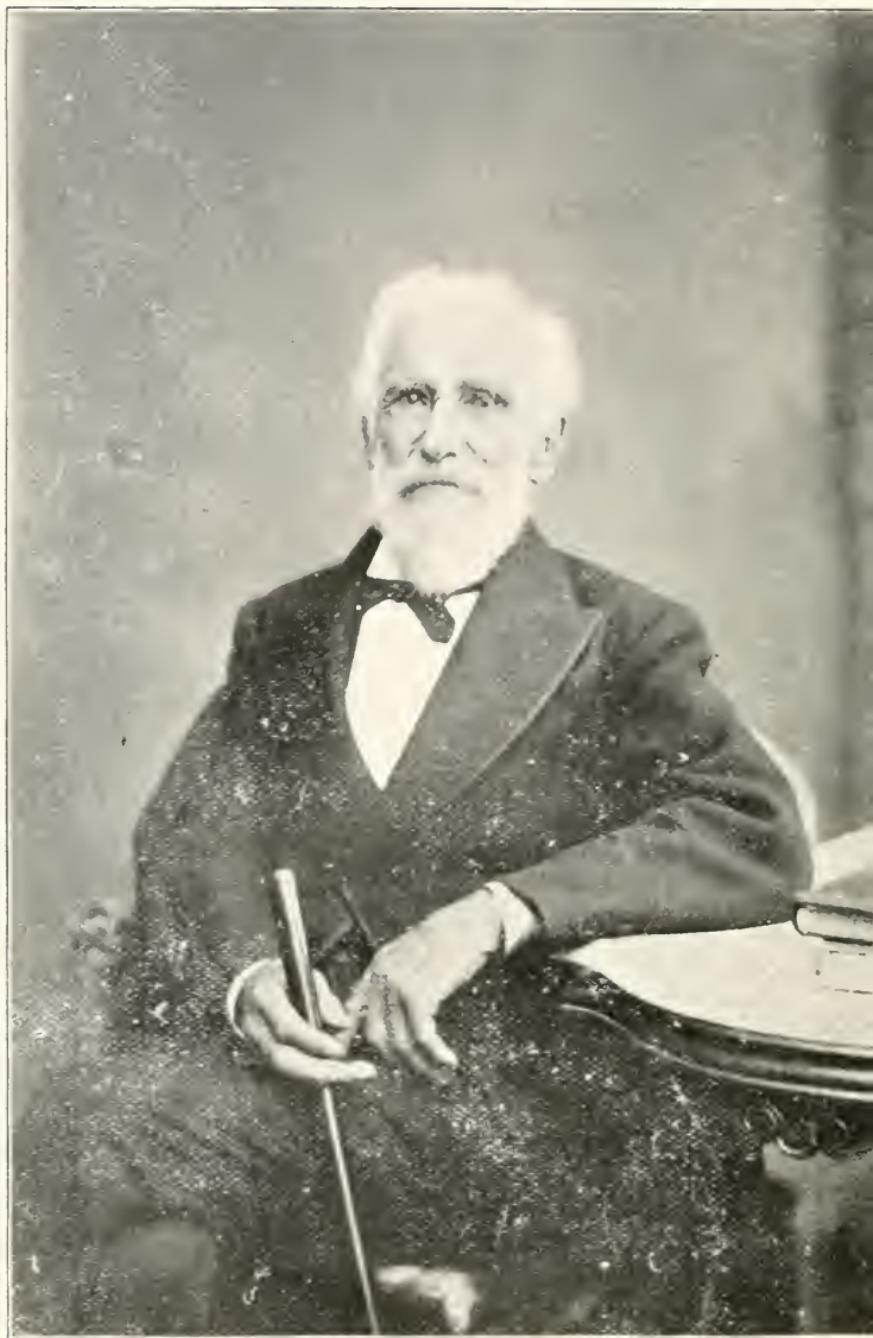
THOMAS C. SWENEY. 86.  
88-89



MRS. MARGARET DINWIDDIE  
SWEENEY. 3. VI.







DR. WILLIAM DINWIDDIE. 78.

There have now been traced from David Dinwiddie the Sixth, from six of his nine children, six lines, and from Hugh Dinwiddie, a brother of this David, two lines, making eight lines of descent, with many branch lines, from that Dinwiddie who settled at Marsh Creek in Pennsylvania; and the members who are now living in Indiana, of these eight lines, and those in Iowa and South Dakota and Oregon, and elsewhere, going back through Ohio to Pennsylvania, and from that prosperous and generally peaceful colony established by William Penn, back through the Protestant province of Ireland, reach their known ancestor, the first David Dinwiddie mentioned in their oldest family Bibles, at about the year 1600. Without much doubt he was born in Scotland. Already there are children of the seventh American generation, six of these generations born in America, and adding the four Scotch-Irish generations, eleven generations take these children back more than three hundred years to ancestral homes in that richly historic land where oft was heard, in family and in public worship, the rich strains of that "noble Elgin," called

"The sweetest of all Scotia's holy lays."

Could these American children of the tenth and eleventh generations find in some old historic records the annals of their ancestors in about 1575, when David the First must have been born, they would find a true Dinwiddie clan, in Scottish garb, with Scottish accent, with Scottish habits, and with Scottish virtues.

The colonist at Marsh Creek, or Gettysburg as now known, has left a piece of writing which he called Night Thoughts, and which shows that he was a man of strong religious principle and of a deep religious experience. In his writing he mentions the instruction given by their pastor and the preparation for the solemn work, as he well calls it, of the renewal of their "Covenants National and Solemn League" in November, 1743. On Friday, November 11th the covenants were read, and a sermon preached from the text, JEREMIAH 50:5. "Come and let us join ourselves to the Lord in a perpetual covenant that shall not be forgotten." During the reading of the covenant the people stood with right hands uplifted and at the close of the reading gave their assent to the words and "subscribed with their hands to the same."

At this time, November 1743, he lived, he says, at Pick-que, written also Pequa, in Lancaster county, and in the fall of 1744, he says, "I removed to Marsh Creek." He mentions also, in these Night Thoughts, his marriage, December 17, 1745, to Jean McClure at Octoraro, which was in Lancaster county, not far from his earlier home.

In reviewing something of his family life, which now commenced, he mentions having experienced "sweet as well as bitter dispensations" of Providence. He held responsible positions in church life for many years, and his writing implies that he was a member for a time of the State Legislature.

It is a privilege to be descended from such a man as was the Covenanter Elder, DAVID DINWIDDIE of Marsh Creek.

REMARK. With more than fifty children now members of this Clan there is no danger of the organization failing for want of members; but there is some possibility that the Dinwiddie name may have no representatives. Among these fifty and more children there are now two Dinwiddie boys, Henry Dinwiddie and Keith Dinwiddie; and there is one youth, Lorraine Dinwiddie. On these rest the hopes for perpetuating in Lake county the Dinwiddie name. *ESTO PERPETUA.*

NOTE. I place much reliance as to names, dates, orthography, and statements, upon the Biographical Sketch of the Rev. John Cuthbertson, the value of which I did not at all appreciate until I came to study it as an authority in preparing these "Records." The Sketch relies largely on the diary of Mr. Cuthbertson, of which the Sketch writers had "a faithful copy of the original," and the dates given "cannot be called in question" since a regular journal was kept by Mr. Cuthbertson "from his arrival in America."

To the Sketch there is an Appendix containing "the Minute of the General Meeting, which paper has been handed down to posterity among the papers of Thomas Wilson of Marsh Creek, and who is supposed to have been the Secretary of the General Meeting." Among the commissioners were some from Muddy Run, some from Piquea, and from Marsh Creek Thomas Wilson and David Dunwoodie. This is the form of the name at that time, the date being March 4, 1744. The meeting was held at Middle Octoraro.

It is fully established by this record that as early as 1744 David Dunwoodie, whose name is written Dinwiddie from Mr. Cuthbertson's Diary all through the Sketch, was a resident or church member at Marsh Creek.

From this Sketch it may also be learned that Pequa, or Piquea as it is once written, and Octoraro were about sixteen miles apart, and both in Lancaster county, while Marsh Creek, to which from Pequa David Dinwiddie removed was in Adams county.

There seems to be a discrepancy, such as is found sometimes in sacred as well as common history, between the official record of the General Meeting and the "Night Thoughts" in regard to the time of removal to Marsh Creek, the Night Thoughts placing that removal in the fall of 1744, and the official record assigning a church membership at Marsh Creek in March 1744. Both are trustworthy documents, and as there is no history at hand of the first settlement of the family at Pequa, nor when church membership commenced at Marsh Creek, and some other particulars in regard to the family between 1740 and 1744 are not known, the two statements may both be received as correct.

T. H. B.

## IV.

## EXTRACTS.

In the latter part of the Dunwoody Family History, are a few pages under the heading, "FAMILY HISTORY—DINWIDDIE," taken it is said, "from the History of Adams and Cumberland counties, Sept. 5, 1888." A tract of William Penn's land is mentioned as given up in 1741 to settlers called "Scotch Irish of the border," and among these are "David Dinwiddie, April 1741, Hugh." These seem to have been brothers. There are also named David Dinwiddie Jr., and Jane Dinwiddie. (Jane is evidently another form for Jean.) These in 1802.

The following sentence shows, by composing names and dates, that these are Dinwiddies of this Dinwiddie book, having no known connection with the Dunwoodys. The sentence is: "In the old Marsh Creek County Fairfield Road, are stones giving the death of Hugh Dinwiddie, 1825; Sarah Dinwiddie, 1744; David Dinwiddie, 1802; Jane Dinwiddie [Jean] 1781; Elizabeth Dinwiddie, 1789." The marriage, by Rev. Alexander Dobbin, of Elizabeth Kerr, is given, Nov. 2, the book says, not 20, 1783.

Further mention is made of a HUGH DINWIDDIE who was married by Rev. A. Dobbin to Martha Finly, April 12, 1792.

## Children:

John Dinwiddie.

Sarah Dinwiddie—Heagy.

Second marriage: Hugh Dinwiddie to Sarah W. Black.

## Children:

Henry B., Cambridge, Ind.  
David, Philadelphia.  
Jance C. Hom'r, Adams county.  
Robert, Centerville, Ind.  
James, Bainbridge, Ind.  
Anna W. Shirfy, Bloomington, Ind.  
Rana Duphon, Bloomington, Ind.  
Franklin W., Rockville, Ind.

A record follows of another marriage of some Hugh Dinwiddie to Jean Crawford, and the following list of children is given:

Rosana Dinwiddie,	Jean Ferguson,
✓ Rosana Downery,	Sarah Dinwiddie,
John Dinwiddie,	Sarah Patlon,
David Dinwiddie,	Martha Dinwiddie,
Hugh Dinwiddie,	Martha McKee,
Robert Dinwiddie,	Isabel Dinwiddie,
Jean Dinwiddie,	Isabel Reid.

Under "Church History" mention is made of the ordination of David Dinwiddie in 1753 and as ordained with him Jeremiah Manon, as written on page 71, Jeremiah Morrow on page 72, and in the biography of Rev. John Cuthbertson, among the six elders ordained April 8, 1753, are David Dinwiddie and Jeremiah Murray, which is probably the real name and evidently Scotch. This church of which the Dinwiddies of Marsh Creek were members, fully organized April 8, 1753, was called Rock Creek, and this record has been made. "The Rock Creek Church at the period of the Revolution was probably the most important and influential Covenanter Church in America."

## V.

## OTHER DINWIDDIES.

In the Dunwoody book to which reference has more than once been made, on pages 51 and 52, is a letter from J. H. Dinwiddie of Newbern, Iowa, in which he says (date 1884), that his great-grandfather, William Dinwiddie, a brother named David, "and perhaps another brother, came from Ireland about one hundred and fifty years ago." This William Dinwiddie, he says, lived and died near Mercersburg, Franklin county, in Pennsylvania. He names seven sons, John, William, Adam, Samuel, James, Joseph, and David. Four of these were in the War of the Revolution. He gives quite an amount of Dinwiddie family history, (he thinks there is really but one family of this name in the United States), and gives his own name in full as James Hill Dinwiddie, born in Blount county, Tennessee, April 11, 1825.

It seems probable that the David Dinwiddie he mentions is the David who settled at Marsh Creek in 1744; and from the records in the Dunwoody book, pages 71, 72, and 73, it appears probable that Hugh Dinwiddie, of 1741, was a brother of David.

These probabilities give the probability that three brothers, William, David, and Hugh, came into the Pennsylvania colony about the middle of the eighteenth century. Adding to these David Dunwoody of Chester county, Pennsylvania of 1747, and a Georgian Dunwoody who was at first a Dinwiddie, who will be mentioned, and there are

five historic heads of families as progenitors of very many Dunwoodies and Dinwiddies now in America.

That there was a Hugh Dinwiddie in Adams county is evident from the foregoing extracts from records, and there must have been at least two, for that Hugh Dinwiddie who died in 1825 cannot be supposed to have been old enough to hold land in 1741, and so another conjecture is hazarded here.

In the possession of Rev. J. T. Wilson is the original of the following "pass" or order:

"PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 12, 1777.

Major Hugh Dunwoody of the 2d Battallion of York county having died of a short illness in this city, the Bearer, Hugh Wilson, being directed to carry the doleful tidings to the surviving friends of that gentleman, you are hereby requested to let him pass unmolested."

The conjecture now is this, that Major Hugh Dunwoody, as the name in the military pass is written, member of a York county battallion, York adjoining Adams county, was that Hugh Dinwiddie mentioned in the history of Adams county as having taken up land in 1741, and having confirmed to him by warrant "April 16, 1765, 400 acres," David Dinwiddie having confirmed to him the same amount on the same day. It must have been a second Hugh Dinwiddie who was married to Martha Finly April 12, 1792, and who died in 1825.

And it must have been a third Hugh Dinwiddie who was married to Jean Crawford, as the following letter from Franklin W. Dinwiddie to O. Dinwiddie will show. It is dated at Rockville, Ind., Sept. 3, 1895. Extract. "I am in my 78th year. My father, Hugh Dinwiddie, was a farmer a few miles south of Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, where I was born and where he died when I was a small boy. I am the youngest member of his family, and the only one living of eleven children. I am sorry to say that I have no record of my ancestors that I could forward to you."

He mentions his own children, an only daughter Louisa, wife of Rev. J. Foxworthy of the Methodist Episcopal church, George T., a hardware merchant at Frankfort, Ind., and Wm. C. and Ed. R. on ranches in Sheridan county, Wyoming. He names two who have died, James his oldest son, who died in 1890, and Franklin A., who died in infancy in 1854. He signs his name F. W. Dinwiddie, that the F is for Franklin is beyond a reasonable doubt. As already suggested, it follows from the statement in this letter, that Hugh Dinwiddie married to Jean Crawford, the father of four sons, John, David, Hugh, and Robert, and of five daughters, Rosana, Jean, Sarah, Martha, and Isabel, was not the father of F. W. Dinwiddie of Rockville.

The following is an extract from a letter written by the Librarian of the State Library of Pennsylvania, Jan. 4, 1896.

"There was a family in what is now York and Adams counties, Pennsylvania, prior to the Revolution. The name is sometimes written Dunwoody, it was nevertheless Dinwiddie. What became of this family I cannot tell, but presume that they are scattered throughout the western states."

It may be expected that a copy of this Dinwiddie book will some day reach that library.

Rev. Dr. James L. Dinwiddie—"a very able clergymen of the Associate Reformed Church"—Mr. T. H. Wilson calls a grandson of David Dinwiddie of Marsh Creek, but his descent does not appear in these Records. The writer of the Church History in the Dunwoody book, page 72, mentioning David Dinwiddie as one of the first "ruling elders about Gettysburg," adds that he "was the grandfather of Rev. J. L. Dinwiddie," and then he, or a transcriber, inserts as a parenthesis the question "Who was he?" implying that the name of his father was not known. Mr. Wilson says of this ruling elder near Gettysburg, pamphlet, page 4, "Some of his sons settled in the South, and I have supposed that the two prominent Southern Presbyterian clergymen of that name were, no doubt, descendants of his."

He who tries to connect in a sure line of descent the Dinwiddies in America with any one Irish or Scottish line will find he has before him an impracticable and probably an impossible task.

NOTE. Since the above was made ready for the press there has come to me through the hands of O. Dinwiddie, of Plum Grove, from Miss Emma C. Dinwiddie, of Evanston, Ill., an outline of descendants of three Hugh Dinwiddies, herself the eighth child of the third Hugh Dinwiddie, which outline, as a valuable addition to the real Dinwiddie history which the Clan wish to collect and preserve, I insert here in full. As the readers will see it confirms my conjecture in regard to Major Hugh Dunwoody, and it shows also that where I wrote a third Hugh Dinwiddie married to Jean Crawford, I ought to have written the "first."

For both the confirmation and the correction I am thankful to Miss E. C. Dinwiddie. I am sure her outline will be of general interest. T. H. B.

#### HUGH DINWIDDIE (NO. I.)

Among the early settlers of the "Manor of Maske," which was a reservation set apart for family use by Wm. Penn, we find the names of David and Hugh Dinwiddie. The "Manor of Maske" was located in what is now York and Adams counties, Pa., but the erection of the Manor was so little congenial with the wants or interest of the early settlers that the plan was abandoned and this large estate divided for the use of the settlers.

Among the names of these early settlers we find David Dinwiddie (Dunwoody) April 4, 1741; Hugh Dinwiddie (Dunwoody) April 4, 1741.

They took the land in 1741 but not until 1765 were the proper record Warrants given upon Wm. Penn's reservation. Then we find David D., April 16, 1765, 400 acres, and Hugh D., April 16, 1765, 400 acres.

These settlers styled themselves the "Yeomanry" and were absolute owners of the soil upon which they trod and upon which they held secure titles. Owing to State and Manor difficulties the legislature of Pennsylvania on March 12, 1802, gave perfect titles to these early settlers upon payment of purchase and interest money from 1765 to 1802.

The most prominent Scotch-Irish settlement in York Co., Pa., was the "Marsh Creek settlement" of which the present town of Gettysburg is the center. The name is taken from the small stream Marsh Creek. This district has given prominent men in civil military matters. Called upon in their early history to do active service against the Indians they became inured to all sorts of hardships and were a thoroughly self-dependent and aggressive people. It was in this district that David and Hugh D. located lands, and while David distinguished himself in church affairs, Hugh was equally active in military affairs. The first record that we have of Hugh as a soldier is in the Associated Companies of York, 1756, Captain Hugh D., 66 privates.

Many of these settlers were abducted and held in captivity by the Indians. The wife of Hugh D., displayed great coolness and courage during these troubles with the



Indians. It is related of her that on the 13th day of April, 1758, seeing the smoke from the burning houses of her neighbors and knowing that the flames had been kindled by the Indians, she saddled her horse and with her four little children stowed away in the saddle-bags thrown across him, fled to the fort or block house, where her husband Capt. D., was on duty, thus saving the life of herself and her children. At the time of the Revolutionary War the zeal of the Scotch-Irish of York Co., for military service that they had shown in Indian warfare had in no way abated. To this section belongs the honor of sending the first company of riflemen from the west of the Hudson River to Boston. Hugh D. responded to the call for service and in the American Archives, 4th series, Vol. 2, page 1743-44, we find the election of York Co., officers of Revolutionary War. Hugh D., was on July 28, 1775, elected Major of 2nd Battalion. He served as Major of 2nd Battalion until Dec. 31, 1776, when he was elected Lieutenant Colonel of the 3d Battalion. He died while in service at Philadelphia, Jan. 12, 1777.

Hugh D. was married to Jean Crawford, daughter of John Crawford, no date of time or place of marriage. In his will dated 1776, he mentions his children as follows:

1. Rosanna, wife of James Downey.
2. John, who died in 1780.
3. David, who died in 1780.
4. Hugh.
5. Robert, died in youth.

6. Jean, wife of Samuel Furgeson.
7. Sarah, wife of James Patlon.
8. Martha, wife of —— McKee.
9. Isabel, wife of James Reed.

### HUGH DINWIDDIE (NO. II.)

Hugh D., son of Hugh D., was born Aug. 26, 1766, died Sept. 25, 1829, aged 63 years. He was born and passed his youth on his father's farm, in York Co., Pa. He was eleven years old when his father Lieut. Col. Dinwiddie died. He was one of the four children that his mother, Jean Crawford Dinwiddie put into her saddle-bags and fled to the fort with them when Indians attacked their neighbors. Hugh D. was married to Martha Finley, April 12, 1792, by Rev. Alex. Dobbins, in Hamilton Bann Township, York Co., Pa. The children of this marriage were: i. John D., born Feb. 25, 1793, died May 22, 1863; ii. Sarah D., wife of Geo. Heagy, born Dec. 6, 1794, died May 31, 1833.

Hugh D. married the second time, Sarah Black, of Adams Co., Pa., born Aug. 18, 1779, died May 13, 1860.

#### Children:

1. Hugh, born Feb. 10, 1799, died Dec. 21, 1876.
2. Henry B., born Dec. 30, 1800.
3. David, born March 20, 1803, died May 16, 1884.
4. Jane C., born March 6, 1805, died Aug. 10, 1839.
5. Robert, born Sept. 13, 1807, died April 1, 1843.
6. James B., born Nov. 28, 1809, died May 8, 1881.

7. Anna M., born Aug. 20, 1812, died Sept. 17, 1876.
8. Rosanna, born Aug. 8, 1815, died July 24, 1850.
9. Franklin, born July 14, 1818, living at Rockville, Ind.

### HUGH DINWIDDIE (NO. III.)

Hugh D., son of Hugh D., son of Hugh D., was born in Adams Co. Pa., Feb. 10, 1799. In early manhood he engaged in the furniture business in Gettysburg, Pa. He held an honored and respected place among his fellow townsmen, and more than once they gave expression to it by electing him to an office of trust. He was a Presbyterian and served as a ruling elder in the Presbyterian church of Gettysburg, Pa., until he removed with his family to Peoria, Ill., in 1857. Again in Peoria he was elected to the office of ruling elder, which he held until his death, Dec. 21, 1876. Gentle in manner, faithful in friendship, upright in all business transactions, friends were many, enemies none. In politics he was first a Whig, afterwards a Republican; always deeply interested in affairs of state and country.

He was married in Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 16, 1828, to Mary Williams.

#### Children:

1. Jane E.,	5. Mary A.,
2. David W.,	6. Louisa C.,
3. Robert,	7. Anna W.,
4. Sarah M.,	8. Emma C.

NOTE. Having followed the five pages of Miss Dinwiddie's manuscript closely, I put, for convenience, sake, the sixth page in a little different form to which I am sure she will not object.

T. H. B.

### LINDSAY.

4. "4." Sarah M. Dinwiddie was married to James C. Lindsay, at Peoria, Ill., Sept. 9, 1858. Children: Charles C., Mary B., William M.

5. i. Charles C. Lindsay was married to Winfred Wightman, June 8, 1887. Daughter: 6. i. Dorothy L. Lindsay.

### ELDER.

4. "6." Louisa C. Dinwiddie was married to Joseph Elder, at Peoria, Ill., June 22, 1865. Children: Mary D., Annie L., Joseph Edwin, Emma M., Herbert D.

5. III. Joseph E. Elder was married to Eleanor F. Hall, Oct. 24, 1901.

5. V. Herbert D. Elder was married to Claribel Voris, Nov. 12, 1897.

### ROGERS.

4. "7." Anna W. Dinwiddie was married to James I. Rogers, at Peoria, Oct. 8, 1863. Children: Harry J., May, Herbert D., Charles O.

5. I. Harry J. Rogers was married to Carrie Sammis, March 8, 1890. Daughter: 6. i. Alice Rogers.

Miss Dinwiddie has also furnished the following:

### THE OLD "HILL" CHURCH.

This old church was built in 1793. It is located in Freedom Township, Pa., Adams Co. It took the place of the original log church of the Reformed Presbyterians that stood on the Dunwoody Farm. This log church was built about the year 1751 and stood on David D's farm. In April 1753 David D. and Jeremiah Morrow were ordained ruling elders. (The first ruling elders elected in America so far as I can find.) This was the "meetin' house" of a little company of Scotch-Irish Covenanter that settled in Adams Co., not far from Gettysburg, Pa. Previous to the erection of the log church on David D's farm they held "tent" services. The tent of the Covenanters is described as simply a stand in the woods with a shelter over a board braced against a tree on which to lay Bible and Psalm-book, with rude seats in front for the congregation, over whom there was no covering but the sky. This tent service was also on David D's farm. In partaking of the Lord's supper our forefathers seated themselves at a long table and before taking their places would hand in their "tokens." Some of these lead tokens are still in existence. They are about  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch in length and nearly as wide with letters R. P. (Reformed Presbyterian) on one side and L. S. (Lord's Supper) on the other side with the date 1752.

Dinwiddies whose relationship has not been traced back to Marsh Creek, Pennsylvania.

1. John A. Dinwiddie, of Springfield, Ohio, son of John R. Dinwiddie, born in Green county, Ohio.
2. Archibald F. Dinwiddie, of Booneville, Indiana, son of Archibald S. Dinwiddie, who died near Madison, Indiana, and who entered lands in Kentucky and in Indiana many years ago.
3. Lee Dinwiddie, of Fowler, Indiana.
4. Prof. James Dinwiddie, Principal of Peace Institute, Raleigh, North Carolina.
5. 6. Edgar E. Dinwiddie and A. B. Dinwiddie, in University School, Principal and Associate Principal, at Clarksville, Tennessee.
7. Rev. William Dinwiddie, of Alexandria, Virginia. 1878. He writes:

"My grandfather's father, William Dinwiddie, came from Pennsylvania to Virginia before the Revolutionary War. He settled and lived out his life in Campbell county, Virginia, about 15 miles from Lynchburg. He was a soldier in the battle of Guilford, N. C., and my grandfather often told me he recollects distinctly his return from the war. This William Dinwiddie had three sons, Joseph, John, and William; one daughter, Nancy, who married Thomas Dixon, of Campbell county, Virginia." His grandfather, Joseph, he further says, was born Jan. 5, 1775, and died Feb. 1861, "age 86 years." "John had a large family of sons."

William "died many years ago." A grandson of his, a graduate of the Military Institute at Lexington, Virginia, is a professor now (1878) "in a college in Texas."

8. J. M. Dinwiddie, cashier of Cedar Rapids Savings Bank, Iowa.
9. Rev. Edwin C. Dinwiddie, Harrisburg.
10. Lytte A. Dinwiddie, Fayetteville, Tenn.
11. Oman Dinwiddie Gray, editor of *Sturgeon* (Mo.)
12. Leader, of Boone county, Missouri, son of Mrs.
13. Sophia Dinwiddie Gray, only child of John Reid Dinwiddie, who with his brother, Dr. Archibald Dinwiddie, went from Indianapolis about 1845, and settled near Fayette, Missouri. These were sons of some Thomas Dinwiddie.

#### VI. EXTRACTS FROM LETTERS.

From Mary Dinwiddie, of London, her letter of Feb. 5, 1886, being dated at Gloucester Crescent, Regents Park, N. W. London. Apologizing for her mother's delay in answering the letter from Orchard Grove and assigning a good reason, she proceeds and says: "I am as well able as my mother to answer your questions about the Dinwiddie History, as far as we know it, having corresponded for my mother with Mr. Brock and having supplied him with the material for the notes to his book. I do not think there is much more to be told than is to be found in his work.

I searched through the records in the Register House

in Edinburg and copied all the registration of our name, which I will copy and enclose. We can only trace our direct line to 1675, from which date we have the "family tree." The registers of the county of Dumfries were not preserved up to that date, but we feel that all Dinwiddies must have sprung from the Dinwiddies of Dumfrieshire.

Should we in further visits to that part of the country be able to trace anything that would be of interest to give, it will give much pleasure to acquaint you with the same."

From this same Mary Dinwiddie, a card came in 1901, having on it a beautiful picture in colors of Westminster Abbey, and on it she writes:

"Good wishes to all of the Clan." In behalf of the Clan  
"Thanks to 'Cousin' Mary of London."

From Rev. William Dinwiddie, pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, in Alexandria, Virginia, who has been already mentioned, the following genealogy has been received:

1. William Dinwiddie who went from Pennsylvania to Virginia before 1775, who had three sons, Joseph, John and William:

2. Joseph, whose children were Elizabeth Hunter, William Waethall, and Celina Frances Dinwiddie, who married Robert Waethall and had a large family:

3. William W. Dinwiddie, who had nine sons and two daughters, the names of the sons being William, Joseph,

John C., James, Rees, Harman, Marshall, Walter, and Edgar Evans. The two daughters were twins and were the first born, and the nine sons followed born between 1830 and 1852. Of these sons two, William and John, became Presbyterian ministers.

4. Rev. William Dinwiddie, nine children, Elizabeth Morton, Mary Agnes, William, Albert Bledsoe, Edmond Lee, Edgar Evans, and Howard Brooke. Also Courtenay, 1882. The Dinwiddies of this family are tall, six feet high and up to six feet three inches. Question. Was this William Dinwiddie who settled in Virginia one of the seven sons of that William Dinwiddie who lived and died near Mercersburg and who had a brother named David? And, if so, are they not all connected with the Covenanter Elder of Marsh Creek? All children ought to have two names besides their family name. There would not then be so much uncertainty in tracing family lines.

Edgar E. Dinwiddie, apparently one of the nine brothers named above, writing from Clarksville, Tennessee, says: "There are only five of us now left, the oldest nearly 70, the youngest 48." His date is Oct. 1, 1900. Referring to those who had been teachers, he says, "six of us have been engaged in such work." He cannot attend "the reunions because," he writes, "they come at a time I am compelled to be at home to attend to my school matters." He would like a copy of this book.

In the catalogue of the Peace Institute for young ladies, at Raleigh, N. C., for the year 1895-1896, James Dinwiddie,

M. A., of University of Virginia, Principal, are the following names of teachers: Mrs. B. M. Dinwiddie, and Misses N. C. Dinwiddie, S. H. Dinwiddie, J. W. Dinwiddie, Sue H. Dinwiddie, and Bettie C. Dinwiddie. Whether these five young ladies are sisters does not appear in the catalogue.

One correspondent, a Dinwiddie himself, but it may be discreet to withhold his name and locality, writing in Oct. 1897, says: "I have met a great many men by the name of Dinwiddie and I have got my first one to meet yet that was not a gentleman; and all of the women of that family are fine looking ladies, and I have two sisters that are beautiful. There are only three of us children living."

The young men can appreciate the withholding of name and place.

Rev. Edwin C. Dinwiddie, Secretary of the American Anti-Saloon League, writes: date Feb. 3, 1899—"When in Georgia six years ago, I met a couple of Dunwoodys of prominence near Atlanta. They seemed to know about the family and told me that three brothers came over from the north of Ireland—whither they had gone from Scotland in persecution days—and that they finally scattered, one Robert, Lt. Governor of Virginia, remaining in that state, one going to Pennsylvania, one to Georgia. That they were from the Georgian and changed their name to Dunwoody because their grandfather did not like Robert's ways and record as Governor, and that I was undoubtedly

from the Pennsylvanian. This bore out all my information concerning our Adams county, Pennsylvania, ancestry. Could not the brothers you name, settling at Marsh Creek in 1741 or thereabouts, have been the sons of the brother of Robert and the Georgian, and have been the stock of all of us Pennsylvania descendants?

Do you know of the Dinwiddies at Janesville, Wisconsin? I understand there was a Dinwiddie in the Indiana Legislature in about '94 or '95 whom you probably know."

Wm. H. Dunwoody, of Minneapolis, writes, under date of Jan. 3, 1899, "It may interest you to know that the grandmother of Theodore Roosevelt, of New York, was a Dunwoody. She was a daughter of a distant relative of ours born in Georgia."

In a reply to an invitation to attend the Dinwiddie Reunion of 1900 the following was received:

Mr. O. DINWIDDIE, . . . . . AUGUST 23, 1900.  
Orchard Grove, Ind.

MY DEAR SIR:

I am directed by the Governor to acknowledge receipt of your kind letter of invitation of recent date and in reply thereto that he regrets exceedingly that he cannot comply with your request. All his engagements are made by the National Committee and every available date is filled. He is very sorry but thanks you heartily for your courtesy in the matter.

Very respectfully,

GEORGE CURTIS TREADWELL,  
Colonel and Military Secretary.

The following is copied from a type written letter with an autograph signature.

"NEW YORK, Nov. 25, 1898.

O. DINWIDDIE, Esq.,  
Orchard Grove, Ind.

MY DEAR SIR:

Permit me, at this late day, to thank you for the kind words contained in your valued letter of the 12th.

Yours very truly,

T. ROOSEVELT."

Information from Mrs. John Dinwoodie, of Flesherton, Ontario.

John Dinwoodie was born in Monaghan, Ireland, in 1817, removed to Toronto in 1847. He died in 1894. He left four children, twenty-three grandchildren, and seven great-grandchildren. His father's name was George, who had three brothers, Frank, James, and Hugh. Date, Nov. 1898.

Mrs. Dinwoodie, of Ontario, is evidently an intelligent woman.

Letters examined also from Forster Dunwoody, of Ireland; Robert Dunwoody, native of Monaghan, written from Belfast, Ireland, "a very successful tea merchant;" Mary Dinwiddie, of England, who offers to send a photograph of Governor Dinwiddie; Thomas Dinwiddie, Greenwich, England; John L. Dinwiddie, who writes from "The

Manse, Ruthwell," Dumfriesshire, Scotland, and says, "I was appointed minister of the parish of Ruthwell nine years ago," and he also says, one derivation of the name is from "Alleyn Dinwithie, who appears to have been a henchman of and ennobled by King Robert the Bruce;" and letters from many others.

Dr. Dinwiddie B. Phillips, of Madison Run, Virginia, writes: "My father's mother was, previous to her marriage, a Miss Fowke; her mother was a Miss Dinwiddie (Elizabeth by name) and daughter of Mr. John Dinwiddie, a brother of Gov. Robert Dinwiddie (Colonial Gov. of Virginia) and of Mr. Lawrence Dinwiddie, Provost of Glasgow, Scotland."

"Whilst in Scotland some thirty-one years ago I learned that the old barony of Dinwiddie and the adjoining one of Sibbaldie were merged into what now bears the name of Applegarth, and that the change was of such ancient date that but few remembered there had ever existed such a Barony as that of Dinwiddie. A few days after leaving Edinboro I met with Gilbert Hamilton Dinwiddie at his residence in London. He was an immediate descendant (as I now remember) of the Governor \* \* \*. He informed me that he was at the battle of New Orleans, and one of those who had encountered Andrew Jackson in arms."

One more sentence from this letter. "I very much regret that I am unable to assist you very far in your researches into the Dinwiddie branch of our (doubtless) mutual progenitors."

From Madison Run, Dec. 31, 1898, Miss Nannie W. Phillips, probably a daughter of Dr. Phillips, writes:

"Some weeks ago I promised my mother to make you a copy of any papers we have in regard to the Dinwiddie family." \* \* "After a careful search I find very little about that branch. Do not find the name mentioned farther back than John Dinwiddie, brother of Robert, Governor of Virginia. I send you copies of some general outlines of the different branches of my father's ancestors."

"My mother joins me in best wishes to you, and in the hope that your undertaking will be a success."

Dr. D. B. Phillips was Surgeon of the noted Merrimac.  
Extract from a Magazine.

In "THE BIOGRAPHER AND REVIEW," for Feb. 1899, London, England, by Leonard Smithers, which contains sketches of seventeen noted men, and which has just come to the Editor's hands to-day, Jan. 8, 1902, the first sketch is of Thomas Linwiddie, of London, Architect. He was born, the Review says, in 1845. "Of Scotch descent, the surname Dinwithie, Dinwiddie, or Dinwiddie (see Scottish Nation, Vol. II.) is derived from the lairds of that name with ancient estates in Dumfries, where Dinwiddie Station on the Caledonian Railway, a castle, and other spots, still mark the old clan, its earliest mention being in 1296. In 1501, and again in 1512, it is recorded the lairds were slain in a feud with the neighboring clan of Sir Alexander Jardine.

\* \* \* \*

In 1547 the Laird of Dinwiddie, with forty-four followers, gave allegiance to England." The Review also speaks of the Battle of Dryef Sands and quotes a stanza of the poem.

Not much in this extract is new to the readers of this book; but it shows that writers widely separated have drawn material from the same sources.

Of the architect the Review says, that at the age of nineteen he started, "a friendless youth, to win his way by his profession in London, in the teeth of many reverses and impositions." AND HE SUCCEEDED. "Before he was twenty Mr. Dinwiddie opened offices in Greenwich and from that time through a third of a century's practice has there continued his official and family quarters." He was married to Miss E. C. Rooke, April 4, "six years after starting practice." His many successes as an architect amid much competition cannot be detailed here, nor the noted buildings he has planned. "In 1888 the Princess Beatrice laid the foundation stone of one of his buildings."

"At the present time [1899] Mr. Dinwiddie is engaged as architect upon works to a value exceeding a quarter of a million." Pounds is probably to be understood, not dollars. He is, besides an architect, a noted "rating expert." In the revaluation of 1895 and 1896 "the capital of the special properties he dealt with exceeded fifteen millions sterling." In the work of valuations he has had a large success. The entire article is full of interest, mentioning his Manor House, silver wedding in 1897, his family, six sons and a daughter, his position in "Freemasonry" as Worshipful Master where the Prince of Wales was an honorary member, [1899] but no more extracts can be given. For a quotation from a letter written to O. Dinwiddie by this noted architect of London see page 16.

Before this section VI. had passed through the press a letter of much interest came from J. F. Dunwoody, of Joplin, Missouri, Sec. of Brand-Dunwoody Milling Co., dated March 1, 1902. He is a descendant, however, of David Dunwoody, of Chester county, and not of David Dunwoody, properly Dinwiddie, of Marsh Creek. A communication has also just been received from the Wilson-Reunion of Trumbull county, Ohio, in which it is stated that only three grandchildren of Mary Dinwiddie and John Wilson are now living, Mrs. Isabel Stewart, Mrs. Rebecca Hibler, and Mrs. Nancy McCully. Very kindly the writer says: "A sketch of the Dinwiddie family is looked for soon, but I doubt not the compiler is finding difficulties in getting correct data. Let us hope he will not wait for complete accuracy in every detail, as errors may be easily corrected through subsequent publication." So this book will have one indulgent critic.

#### CONCLUSION.

Research thus far shows that Robert Dinwiddie, Lieut. Governor of the Virginia colony, who seems to have retired from Virginia to England, and whose tomb is near Bristol, had a brother, John Dinwiddie, and that some of his descendants are still in Virginia.

But as yet no one seems to have traced the American Dinwiddie line back, through England or Ireland, to the acknowledged original home in Scotland. The researches show at least four lines of Dinwiddies, starting from three who are recognized as brothers and from one whose re-

lationship has not been established, having many representatives in the United States.

I mark them I. indicating thus the first American ancestor. These ancestors are:

I. Hugh Dinwiddie, of Adams county, or perhaps of York, Pennsylvania:

I. David Dinwiddie, of Adams county:

I. William Dinwiddie, of Franklin county, near Mercersburg:

I. John Dinwiddie, brother of Robert Dinwiddie, of Virginia:

Records show—see Dunwoody book, pages 3 and 4, Will of “John Dinwoodie, of Hanover Parish, King George’s County, Rapahanick River, in Virginia”—that he went to Glasgow, which he calls the place of his nativity, and there died in 1725 or 1726. He had, in 1725, two daughters, “Elizabeth and Jean Dinwoodie.” He probably left no son. The Dinwiddies of these four lines, although two of them commence with the form Dunwoody, are entirely distinct from the large Dunwoody family, starting in Chester county in 1747, who have preserved the form Dunwoody in an unbroken line of succession for one hundred and fifty years. For the same length of time the form Dinwiddie has been preserved unchanged by the large group of families now in North-Western Indiana. And these are all, probably, Dunwoodys and Dinwiddies alike, if the lines could be traced fully up for three hundred years, kindred to Mary Dinwiddie and Thomas Dinwiddie of London, and to Rev. David Dinwoodie of Scot-

land. The following paragraph from a notice of the "Scotch-Irish Families of America," may fittingly close these "Records."

"People of the Scotch race, mostly born in the north of Ireland, or their children or grandchildren, comprised nearly one-fourth of the total white population of the American colonies at the outbreak of the Revolution. In proportion to their relative strength they took a more important part in that struggle and in all the leading events connected with American history since that time than any other race. They furnished more than one-fourth of Washington's generals and more than one-half of the leading officers of the civil war, on both sides, as well as a large proportion of the leading statesmen of the country since 1776, including eleven presidents out of the twenty-four, most of the great editors of the country, nearly all of the great inventors, and a very large proportion of the judiciary of the federal courts. To the Scottish race in America belong such men as Grant, Webster, Calhoun, Greeley, Fulton, Morse, Edison, Paul Jones, Perry, Andrew Jackson, Washington Irving, Poe, Blaine, Logan, Hendricks, Samuel Houston, David Crockett, Alexander G. Bell, Monroe, Watterson, C. H. McCormick, James Gordon Bennett, A. T. Stewart, Buchanan, Johnson, Hayes, Arthur, Harrison, McKinley, and others."

While the editor of this book is himself of Puritan and Huguenot blood, long lines of which are traced, he finds his wife's family, the CREIGHTONS, fully identified with these "Scotch-Irish of the border," and so it is not strange that he with her should find a welcome in the re-unions of the DINWIDDIE CLAN of Indiana.

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